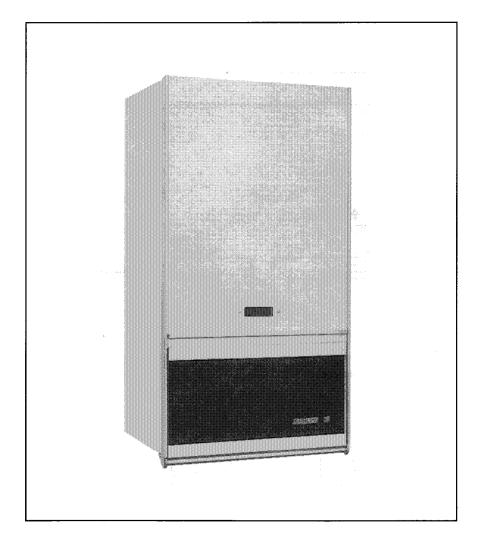
CHALLENGER

Balanced Flue Boilers 40 BF

30 BF (GCN° 41.980.71)

(GCN° 41.980.75)



installation and servicing instructions

(leave these instructions adjacent to the gas meter)

CHALLENGER BF are low water content gas fired boilers.

CHALLENGER 30 is rated between 4.35 kW (15,000 Btu/h) and 8.7 kW (30,000 Btu/h).

CHALLENGER 40 is rated between 5.8 kW (20,000 Btu/h) and 11.6 kW (40,000 Btu/h).

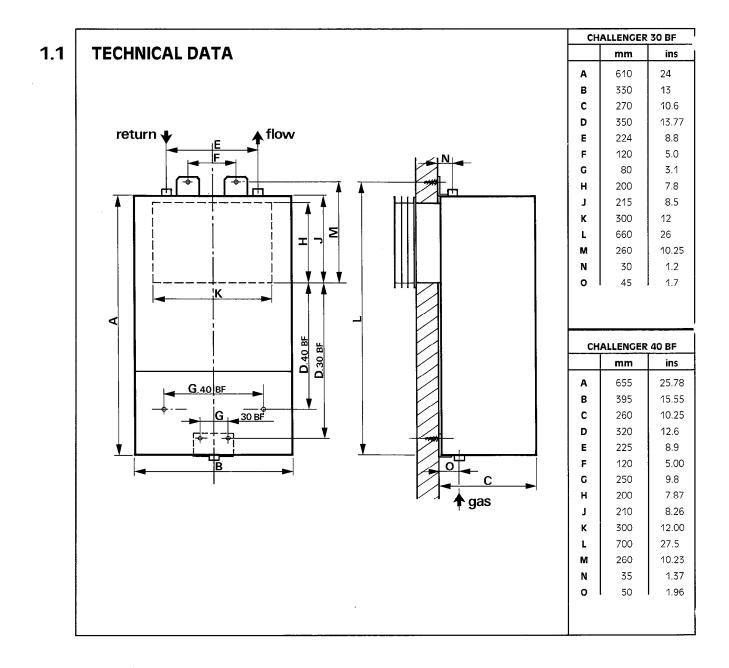
The boiler is designed for use on Natural Gas, unless otherwise stated. It is suitable for open systems and sealed systems.

The boiler is designed for fully pumped systems only with a number features incorporated.

- Fully adjustable electronic temperature regulation between 60 °C and 82 °C.
- Automatic alternation high flame/low flame.
- Pump overrun.
- Low resistance.
- High limit thermostat.

Guarantee

The manufacturer's guarantee on the appliance is for 24 months from the date of installation. The guarantee is voidable if it is not installed in accordance with the recommendations made herein or in a manner approved by the manufacturer.



1.2

30 BF	OUTPUT		OUTPUT INPUT		BURNER PRESSURE (HOT)		GAS RATE		
	kW	Btu/h		kW	Btu/h	mbar	ins.w.g.	m³/h	ft³/h
Max	8.7	30,000	Max	10.9	37,500	6.4	2.56	1.02	36.26
Min	4.35	15,000	Min	5.66	19,480	1.15	0.45	0.53	18.83
	ОUТРИТ								
40 BF	ou	TPUT		INPUT		BURNER PRE	SSURE (HOT)	GAS	RATE
40 BF	OU kW	TPUT Btu/'n		INPUT kW	Btu/h	BURNER PRE mbar	SSURE (HOT)	GAS m³/h	RATE ft³/h
40 BF			Мах		Btu/h 50,000	-			

NB : For intermediate settings see graph page 13

DIMENSIONS (Casing ex connections)						
	30	BF	40 BF mm ins			
	mm	ins				
High	610	24	655	26		
Wide	330	13	395	15.5		
Deep 270 10.6 245 9.64						

CLEARANCES					
	mm	ins			
Sides	· 5	0.25			
Тор	76	3			
Bottom	127	5			
Front	500	20			

1.3

Balance Flue	F
Gas connection	
Water connection	2
Minimum flow rate	s
Maximum static head	3
Minimum static head	1
Electrical connection	2
Weight	3
Water capacity	0
Manifold Injector Size	3
Pilot injector	c
Ignition	0
Electrode	0
Boiler thermostat	E
High Limit thermostat	F
Thermocouple and thermoelectric valve	

Flue set requires a hole in the wall 205 mm high×305 mm wide (8 in×12 in) 15 mm compression fitting 22 mm compression fittings see 1.4 30 m (98 ft) 150 mm (6 ins) - See page 7. 240 V single phase 50 Hz supply fused 3 amp **30 BF -** 18.18 kg (40 lbs) 40 BF - 20 kg (44 lbs). 0.5 lit. (0.11 gals.) 30 BF 1.18 mm (0.046 ins.) 40 BF 1.08 mm 0.042 ins 0.3 mm (0.011 ins.) Continuous spark – spark generator ANSTOSS Chaffoteaux – spark gap 5.0 mm Electronic – Chaffoteaux Ltd Ranco LM5 Chaffoteaux Ltd

1.4

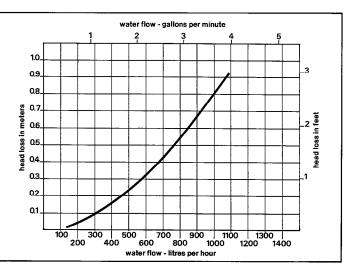
HYDRAULIC RESISTANCE

The hydraulic resistance of the boiler varies with the water flow. The graph (Fig. 2) indicates resistance at various flow rates.

The minimum flow rate is equivalent to a temperature rise of 15° C :

30	BF	40 BF			
504 l/h	1.85 gpm	673 l/h	2.47 gpm		

Minimum water flow rate



1.5 Description of Operation

Pressing the ignitor (on) button disconnects the supply to the pump, opens the thermo electric valve and causes a continuous pilot ignition spark to be generated and the pilot is lit.

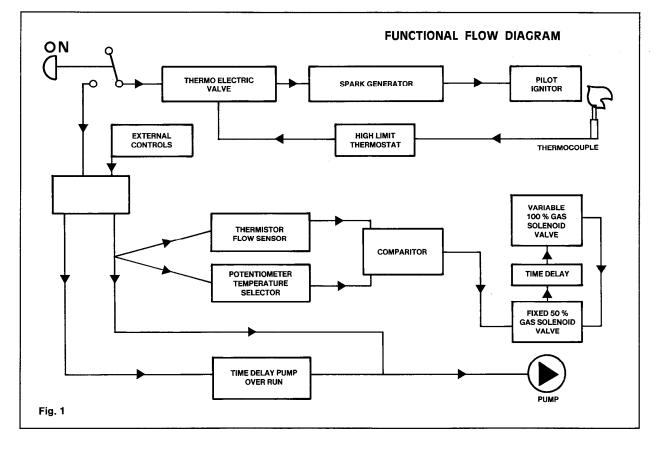
If there is a demand the pump will start when the « ON » button is released. The burner will commence after a 30 second delay when the 50 % fixed gas valve opens. After 3 seconds the 2nd (variable output) valve opens.

Temperature control is by means of a temperature sensing thermistor and potentiometer. These signals are fed to a comparitor.

When the flow temperature approaches the set temperature the main gas valve is closed and the boiler continues to fire on 50 % fixed gas valve. When the set temperature is reached the boiler switches off. If flow temperature reduces the 50 % fixed gas valve opens followed by the variable valve.

At the end of an 'on' cycle under the control of a time clock or programmer or when the cylinder and room thermostat are satisfied the boiler switches off but the pump continues to run for 15 seconds.

The high temperature cut out breaks the thermocouple circuit which extinguishes the pilot and closes the gas supply to the burner. Manual re-setting is required. (See section 4.11).



2. INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

2.1 General

The installation of the boiler must be in accordance with the Gas Safety Regulations, Building Regulations, I.E.E. Regulations and the Byelaws of the local Water Undertaking. It should be in accordance also with BS Codes of Practice and the British Gas Specifications for Domestic Wet Central Heating Systems and any relevant requirements of the local Gas Region and Local Authority. Detailed recommendations are stated in the following Pritieh Standard Codes of Practice, CP 3313, BS 5376.2

British Standard Codes of Practice : CP 331:3, BS 5376:2, BS 5546, BS 5440:1 and 2, BS 5449:1.

Note : Gas safety (Installation and Use) regulations 1984 : It is the law that all gas appliances are installed by competent persons in accordance with the above regulations. Failure to install appliances correctly could lead to prosecution. It is in your own interest and that of safety to ensure compliance with the law.

2.2 Location

The position chosen for the boiler should permit the provision of a satisfactory flue termination. The position should also provide adequate space for servicing and air circulation around the boiler. (See Section 4).

Where installation will be in an unusual position, special procedures may be necessary, and BS 5376:2 gives detailed guidance on this aspect.

A cupboard or compartment used to enclose the boiler must be designed and constructed specifically for this purpose. An existing cupboard or compartment may be used provided that it is modified for the purpose.

Details of essential features of cupboard/compartment design are given in BS 5376:2.

2.3 Water Circulation Systems

Open or sealed type central heating systems (see Section 5) should be in accordance with the relevant recommendations given in BS 5376:2, BS 5449:1 (for smallbore or microbore systems) and the British Gas Specifications for Domestic Wet Central Heating Systems.

Hot water systems should be in accordance with the relevant recommendations given in CP 342:1 and the above mentioned British Gas publication and BS 5546.

2.4 Air supply – Balanced Flue Boiler

The room in which the boiler is installed does not require a purpose provided air vent.

If the boiler is installed in a cupboard or compartment permanent air vents are required in the cupboard and compartment, one at high level, and one at low level, either direct to the outside air or to a room. Both high and low level air vents must communicate with the same room or must both be on the same wall to outside air.

This free area may be halved if the ventilation is provided directly from outside.

30 BF cupboard or compartment air supply

Position of	Air from	Air direct
air vents	room	from outside
High level	98.1 cm ²	49.0 cm ²
High level	15.0 ins ²	7.5 ins ²
Low level	98.1 cm ²	49.0 cm ²
LOW level	15.0 ins ²	7.5 ins ²

40 BF

Position of air vents	Air from room	Air direct from outside		
High level	130.5 cm² 20.22 ins²	65.25 cm² 10.1 ins²		
Low level	130.5 cm² 20.22 ins²	65.25 cm ² 10.1 ins ²		

2.5 Electrical Supply

This appliance must be earthed. All wiring must conform to the I.E.E. Regulations. The CHALLENGER 30 requires a 240 V, single phase, 50 Hz supply. A means of isolation must be provided adjacent to the boiler, this should preferably be an unswitched plug and socket. Alternatively, a double pole isolator having a contact separation of at least 3 mm at both poles must be used. The fuse rating should be 3 amp. The supply cord must be 0.75 mm² three core heat resisting cable.

2.6 Gas Supply

The CHALLENGER 30 requires $1.1 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ (37 ft³/h). CHAL-LENGER 40 requires $1.4 \text{ m}^3/\text{h}$ (49 ft³/h) of natural gas. The meter and supply pipes must be capable of delivering this quantity of gas in addition to the demand from any other appliances in the house.

The complete installation must be tested for soundness as described in CP 331:3 $\,$

2.7 Flueing

Detailed recommendations for flueing are given in BS 5440:1. The following notes are for general guidance only.

The boiler must be installed so that the flue terminal discharges directly into the external air.

Termination should be on a clear expanse of wall; the terminal being preferably not less than 600 mm (2 ft) from a corner or recess.

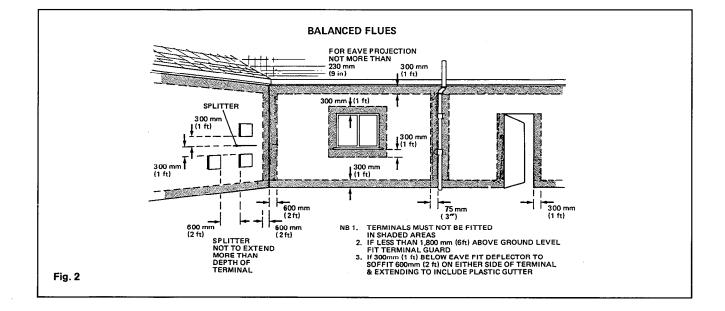
Where the terminal is less than 2 m (6.6. ft) above the level of any ground, balcony, flat roof or place to which people have access, the terminal must be protected by a guard of suitable material.

Where a terminal guard has not been supplied (optional extra) with the boiler, one may be obtained from Chaffoteaux Limited or from Tower Flue Components Ltd. Tonbridge 351555.

The air inlet/products outlet duct and the terminal should be no closer than 25 mm (1 in) to combustible material. Detailed recommendations on protection of combustible material are given in BS 5440:1.

The distance of any surface facing the terminal should be greater than 600 mm (24 ins).

If the terminal is fitted within 850 mm of a plastic gutter or within 450 mm of painted caves or a painted gutter, an aluminium shield at least 750 mm long should be fitted to the underside of the gutter or painted surface.



3. SYSTEM GUIDANCE

(Chaffoteaux Ltd. recommendations).

3.1 General

The CHALLENGER is a low water content boiler designed ONLY for use with fully pumped systems. It may be used with open or sealed systems, all safety controls excluding the pressure relief valve being incorporated in the boiler. The thermostat is adjustable and, on its maximum setting, gives a nominal 82 °C (180 °F) \pm 4 °C (7 °F).

Detailed recommendations for the water circulation are given in BS 5376.2 1976, BS 5449.1 1977 and BS 5546:1979.

Thermostatic control should be fitted to the cylinder and heating circuits.

3.2 Strainers

Where the CHALLENGER is used as a replacement for a boiler on an existing system, ideally the system should be flushed and cleaned using a suitable chemical cleaner following the manufacturer's recommendations and fitted with a strainer similar to that manufactured by Honeywell.

3.3 Control Schemes

The boiler is electrically controlled. See section 3.11.

Most normal pumped primary control schemes can be used including thermostatic radiator and cylinder valves. When using motorised valves the controls should be so arranged to switch off the boiler when circuits are satisfied.

Chaffoteaux can be consulted where technical assistance is required.

3.4 Circulation Pump

The system circulating pump should be sized relative to the resistance of the connected load and the system design selected. The water flow rate through the boiler should not be less than shown in section 1.4. The pump must be installed between isolating valves. Most pump manufacturers require a minimum static head on the pump inlet to prevent cavitation. For boiler resistance see graph on page 3.

3.5 Cold feeds and open vents

The cold feed and open vent should be so positioned that pumping over and sub-atmospheric pressures are avoided see recommendations for various layouts on page 7.

3.6 Automatic Air Separator

Chaffoteaux Limited strongly recommend the inclusion of a British Gas accepted automatic air separator in the system as shown in fig. 9.

The open vent pipe should rise continuously from the system pipework.

It should not be entered horizontally into the system pipework. The use of an enlarged T to create a low velocity point is recommended. The preferred arrangement is shown in fig. 9.

3.7 Cylinder

The domestic hot water cylinder used with the CHAL-LENGER must be of the indirect and high recovery type to BS 1566 Pt. 1. Single feed cylinders are not suitable for use with the appliance. Flow and return pipework to the cylinder should be in 22 mm pipe.

3.8 Feed and Expansion Tank

The feed and expansion tank should be adequately sized to accept the system water expansion, it should not be mounted closer than 9 in. to a ceiling to allow access to the ball valve.

3.9 Inhibitors

Chaffoteaux Limited do not generally recommend the inclusion of an inhibitor with heating and hot water systems, utilising CHAFFOTEAUX boilers. It is, however, appreciated that the use of a corrosion and limescale inhibitor may be desireable or specified.

The following are the appliance manufacturer recommendations \colon

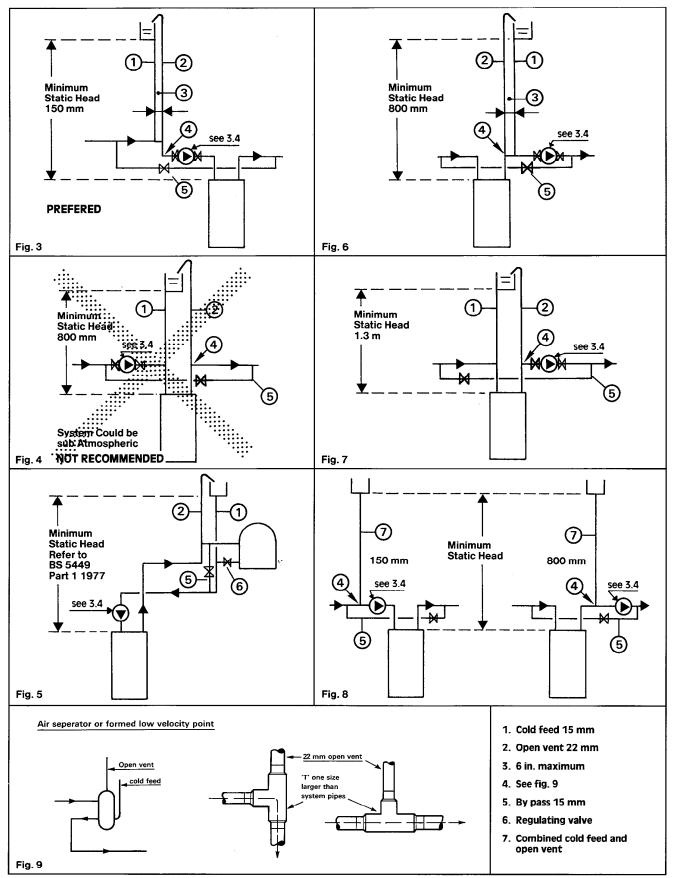
- 1) Use only a British Cas or similar approved inhibitor from the Fernox range manufactured by Industrial (Anti-Corrosion) Services, Brittanica Works, Arkesdon Road, Clabering, Nr Saffron Waldron.
- 2) Use only the quantities specified by the inhibitor manufacturer.
- 3) Cleanse the system as may be required be the inhibitor manufacturer.
- 4) Add inhibitor only after flushing when finally refilling the system.

3.10 Add on devices

This appliance is approved by British Gas for safety and performance. It is important that no external control devices – eg. flue dampers, economisers etc. – be directly connected to this appliance unless covered by these Installation Instructions or agreed by the Manufacturer in writing.

Any direct connection of a control device not approved by the manufacturer could invalidate British Gas approval and also infringe the Gas Safety Regulations.

ALTERNATIVE SYSTEM LAYOUTS



3.11 Electrical Controls

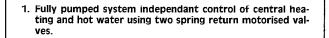
(Chaffoteaux recommendations)

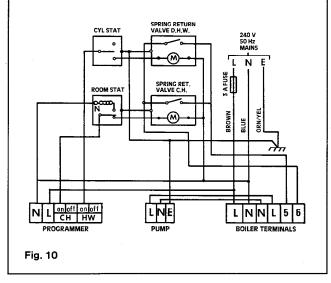
CHALLENGER can be used with most normal pumped primary schemes including non-electrical heating and hot water controls.

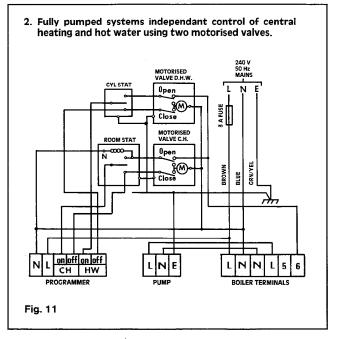
It is not normally possible to use full programming facilities when using a mixture of electrical and non-electrical controls. However, some non-electrical controls are now available with an external microswitch and these controls are preferred.

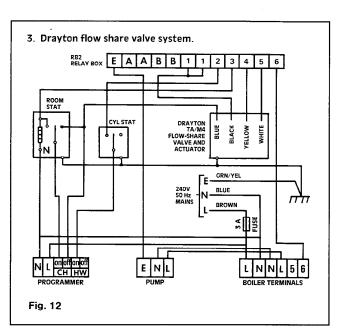
Where the thermostatic radiator valves are used a system by pass will be necessary to maintain the minimum flow rate – See section 1.4.

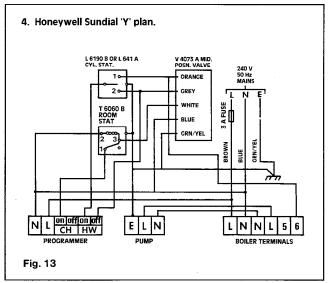
Important : All external wiring to and from the boiler must be in accordance with the current edition of the I.E.E. wiring regulations.



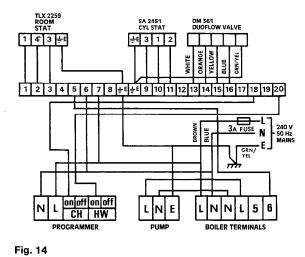








5. Satchwell Duoflow system.



4. INSTALLING THE BOILER

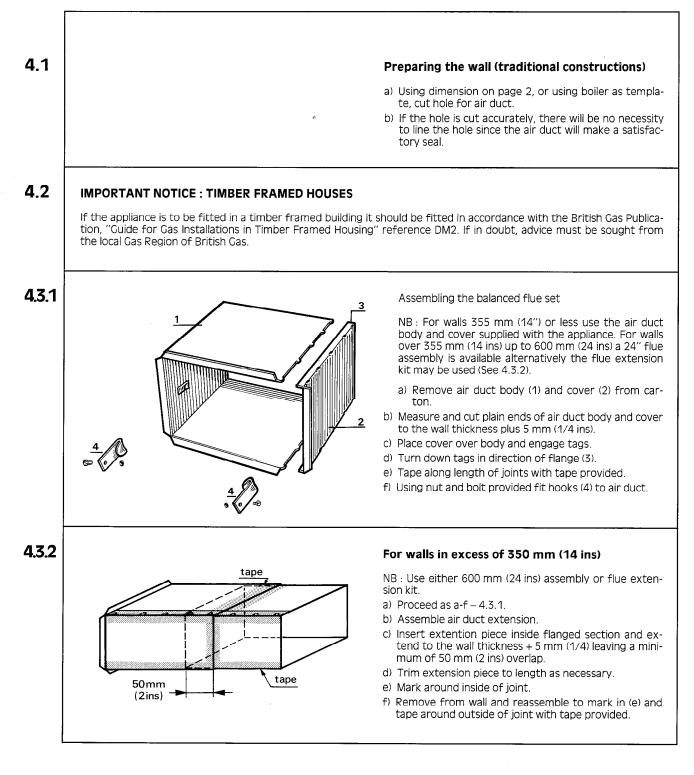
A vertical flat area is required for the boiler as follows :

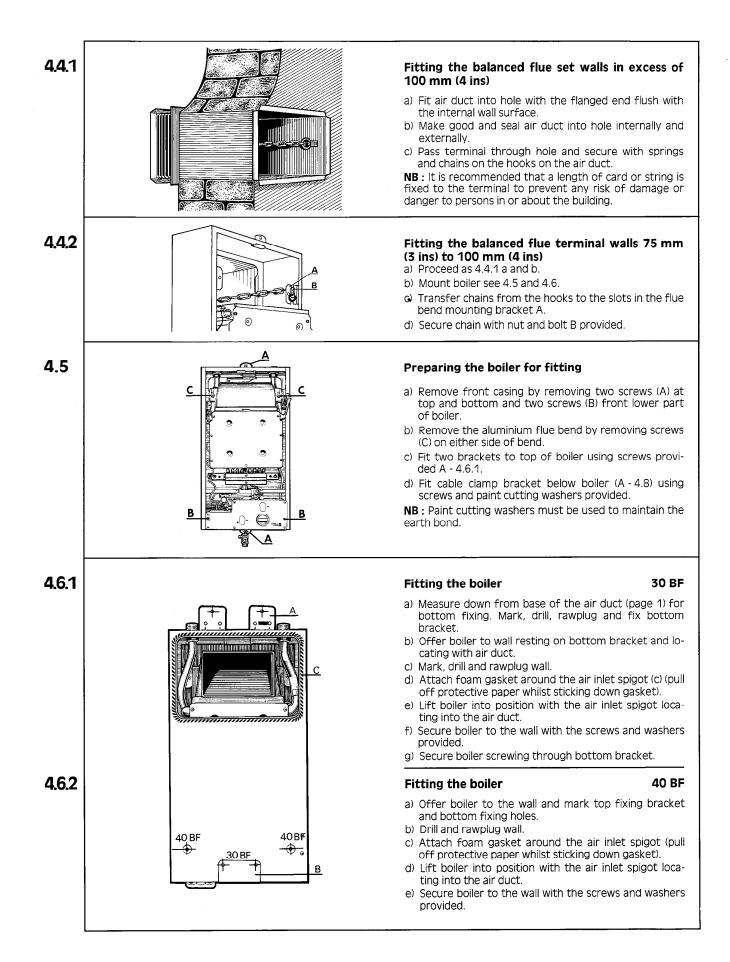
CHALLENGER 30 BF 340 mm wide × 813 mm high (13.4 ins × 32.0 ins)

CHALLENGER 40 BF 405 mm wide × 858 mm high (16.0 ins × 33.7 ins)

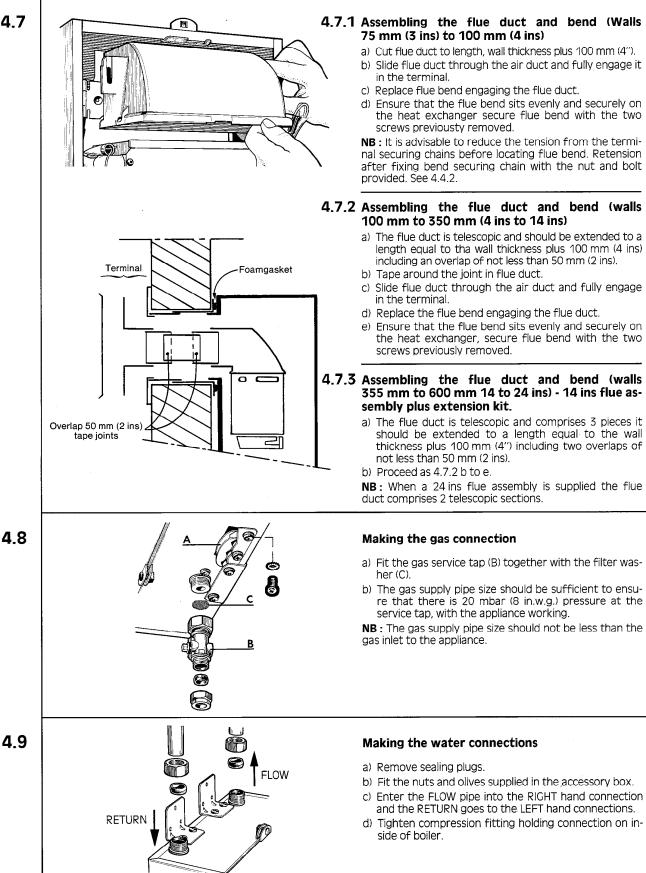
The above dimensions include the necessary clearances around the boilers for case removal and for air movement.

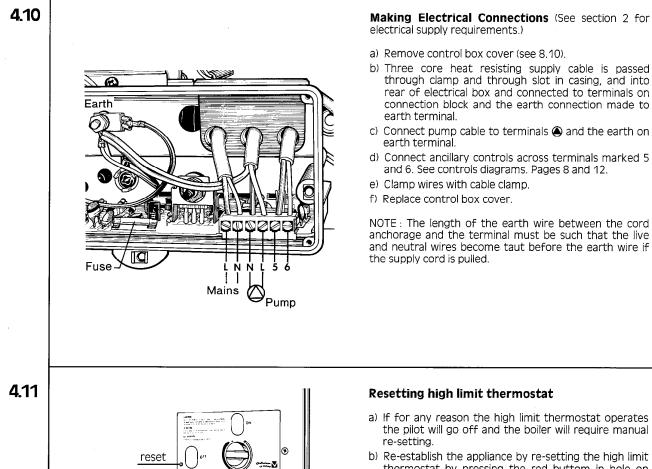
The standard flue set supplied with the boiler is suitable for walls having a thickness of 75 mm to 355 mm (3 ins to 14 ins). Extension sets are available for walls up to 610 mm (24 ins). This can be extended to 610 mm (24 ins) using an extension kit or alternatively a 610 mm (24 ins) complete assembly is available.





4.7



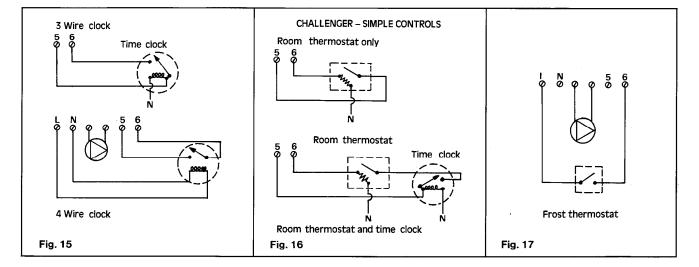


Resetting high limit thermostat

- a) If for any reason the high limit thermostat operates the pilot will go off and the boiler will require manual
- b) Re-establish the appliance by re-setting the high limit thermostat by pressing the red buttom in hole on electrical panel.
- c) Establish cause and rectify see fault finding chart, page 21.

In the event of an electrical fault after installation preliminary electrical system checks as described in the Multimeter Instruction book should be carried out.

Checks to ensure electrical safety should be carried out by a competent person, i.e. earth continuity, polarity and resistance to earth.



5. COMMISSIONING – OPEN VENTED SYSTEMS

5.1 Gas Installation

The whole of the gas installation, including the meter should be inspected and tested for soundness and purged in accordance with the recommendations of CP 331:3.

5.2 Water circulation system – Open vented system only

The whole of the system should be filled and thoroughly flushed out with cold water without the pump in position. Ensure that all valves are open.

With the pump fitted the system should be filled and air locks cleared. Vent all radiators and check for water soundness.

Light the boiler as detailed in 5.3.

The water system should be heated to maximum working temperature and examined for water soundness. Both gas and water should then be turned off and the water system rapidly drained while still hot.

The system should again be filled, cleared of air locks and examined for water soundness and inhibitor added to the system if required in the specification (See section 3.9).

5.3 Lighting the boiler

- a) Check that the gas service tap is open.
- b) Switch controls to a demand mode, ensuring that pump is running.
- c) Push the button marked 'on' fully in and hold for 10 seconds.
- d) Check that pilot is alight and release button slowly.
- e) If the pilot extinguishes press red button and repeat from (b). (The pilot should be about 13 mm (1/2'') long and impinge on the tip of the thermocouple).
- f) If the pilot extinguishes, wait 3 minutes and repeat b) above.
- g) After 30 seconds the main burner will light.
- h) Check for gas soundness around the boiler gas components using sense of smell and leak detection fluid.
 i) Check and adjust gas rate as detailed in 5.4.
- i) Check and adjust gas rate as detailled in 5.4.

5.4 Gas rate adjustment (To be carried out before adjusting by-pass.)

NB: The boiler is supplied rated at the highest output. The boiler is fitted with a gas rate adjuster.

- a) Switch boiler to off by pressing OFF button.
- b) Remove the pressure test point screw C (8.5) and connect a suitable pressure gauge.
- c) Remove the hexagonal cap from gas volume adjuster, D (7.5) exposing the adjustment screw.
- d) Turn boiler on by pressing ON button (see lighting boiler 5.3).
- e) Adjust pressure after boiler has been running for 10 minutes and then check the gas rate. Setting pressures are given in graph relative to required output. The pressure will be reduced by clockwise movement of screw, increased by anti-clockwise movement.
- f) Turn boiler to OFF and refit pressure test point screw and volume regulator cap. Test for gas leakage around pressure test point.
- g) Mark the data badge to indicate output to which boiler has been set.
- Replace case. Particular attention must be given to ensuring that the case seal is sound when the casing is replaced.

5.5 Adjusting the by-pass

NB: The by-pass valve should be of the lock shield pattern.

- a) Set the pump to achieve the system requirements but ensure that the minimum flow rate through the boiler is achieved (See 1.4 - page 3). This is equivalent to a temperature rise across the boiler of 15° C. Set boiler thermostat to maximum.
- b) Fit the boiler with the by-pass fully closed and the system on full load, i.e. central heating and domestic hot water (indicator valve fully open).
- c) Adjust the system to minimum load. This will normally be central heating only with one radiator operating.
- d) Open the by-pass gradually until the boiler operates quietly at all flow temperatures and the boiler thermostat turns off the gas.

6 SEALED SYSTEMS

6.1 Safety valve

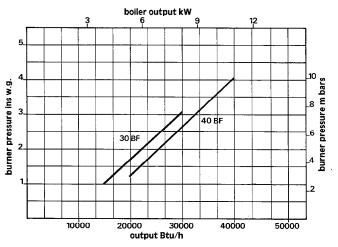
A safety valve shall be fitted close to the appliance on the flow pipe. Only safety valves set to operate at 3 bar shall be used; they shall be so positioned or any discharge pipe so arranged, that discharge of water or steam from the valve cannot create a hazard to occupants of the premises or cause damage to electrical components and wiring.

6.2 Pressure Gauge

A pressure gauge covering the range 0-4 bar $(0-60 \text{ lb/in}^2)$ shall be fitted to the system adjacent to, and visible from, the filling point.

6.3 Expansion vessel

- (i) A diaphragm type expansion vessel shall be fitted by a connection to the inlet side of the circulating pump, in a manner laid down in the vessel makers' instructions (see page 14 for illustration of recommended system layouts). The expansion vessel shall be capable of accepting water up to at least 62.5 % of its volume without damage.
- (ii) The nitrogen or air charge pressure of the expansion vessel shall not be less than the hydro-static head (height of the top point of the system above the expansion vessel).
- (iii) The expansion vessel shall be sized in accordance with the Table on page 14.



Safety valve setting (bar)	3.0								
Vessel charge pressure (bar)	0.5				1.0			1.5	
Initial system pressure (bar)	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	1.0	1.5	2.0	1.5	2.0
Total water content of system				Expansion	Vessel Volu	ıme (litres)			
litres									
25	2.1	3.5	6.5	13.7	2.7	4.7	10.3	3.9	8.3
50	4.2	7.0	12.9	27.5	5.4	9.5	20.6	7.8	16.5
75	6.3	10.5	19.4	41.3	8.2	14.2	30.9	11.7	24.8
100	8.3	14.0	25.9	55.1	10.9	19.0	41.2	15.6	33.1
125	10.4	17.5	32.4	68.9	13.6	23.7	51.5	19.5	41.3
150	12.5	21.0	38.8	82.6	16.3	28.5	61.8	23.4	49.6
175	14.6	24.5	45.3	96.4	19.1	33.2	72.1	27.3	57.9
200	16.7	28.0	51.8	110.2	21.8	38.0	82.4	31.2	66.2
250	20.8	35.0	64.7	137.7	27.2	47.5	103.0	39.0	82.7
300	25.0	42.0	77.7	165.3	32.7	57.0	123.6	46.8	99.3
350	29.1	49.0	90.6	192.8	38.1	66.5	144.2	54.6	115.8
400	33.3	56.0	103.6	220.4	43.6	76.0	164.8	62.4	132.4
450	37.5	63.0	116.5	247.9	49.0	85.5	185.4	70.2	148.9
500	41.6	70.0	125.9	275.5	54.5	95.0	206.0	78.0	165.5
For systems volumes other than those given above, multiply the system volume by the factor across	0.0833	0.140	0.259	0.551	0.109	0.190	0.412	0.156	0.331

For the Challenger boilers the volume found from the above table shall be multiplied by $0.80\,$

6.4 Hot Water storage Cylinder

The hot water cylinder shall be the indirect coil type which is suitable for the system pressure.

6.5 Make-up system

Provision shall be made for replacing water lost from the system either :

- (i) From a make-up vessel or tank mounted in a position higher than the top point of the system and connected through a non-return valve to the system on the return side of the hot water cylinder or the return side of all heat emitters, or –
- (ii) Where access to make up vessel would be difficult, by pressurisation of the system.

6.6 Mains Connection

There shall be no connection to the mains supply or to the water storage tank supplying domestic water, even through a non-return valve, without the approval of the local Water Authority.

6.7 Filling Point

For filling system see BS 5376 Pt2 appendix A. A tempo-

rary hose connection is only permissable if acceptable to the local Water Authority.

6.8 Pipework

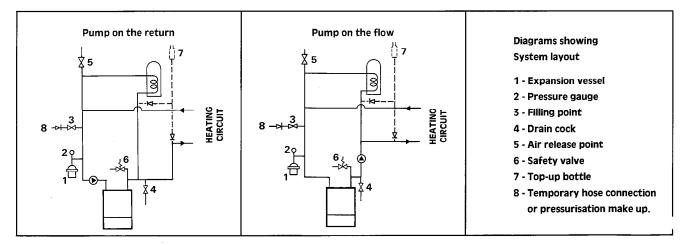
Pipework should be of copper; small bore or microbore with capillary or compression jointing to a high standard. Leak sealant shall not be used in the system.

Where a vessel of the calculated size is not obtainable, the next available larger size should be used.

For the purpose of the above calculation, the volume of the system shall be determined as accurately as possible using manufacturers' data as appropriate. Alternatively the volumes given below may be used to give a conservative estimate of the system volume :

Boiler 0.5 litres (0.11 gallons)
Small bore pipework 0.3 litres (0.07 gallons)
per 0.292 kW (1000 Btu/h) of system output
Microbore pipework 7 litres (1.5 gallons)
Steel panel radiators 2.3 litres (0.5 gallons)
per 0.292 kW (1000 Btu/h) of system outpu'
Hot water cyliner
If a system is extended, an expension vessel of increased

If a system is extended, an expension vessel of increased volume may be required unless previous provision has been made for the extension.



5.9 Commissioning Sealed System Only

The whole of the system should be filled and thoroughly flushed out with cold water without the circulating pump in position. Ensure that all valves are open. (The system must be filled with water either from a sealed system filler pump with a break tank, or by any other method approved by the Local Water Undertaking).

With the circulating pump fitted the system should be filled and airlocks cleared until the pressure gauge registers 1.5 bar (21.5 lbf/in^2).

Vent all radiators and check for water soundness.

Manually raise the water pressure to ensure that the safety valve lifts. This should occur within \pm 0.3 bar (\pm 4.3 lbf/in²) of the preset lift pressure, ie. 3 bar (43.5 lbf/in²).

Release water from the system until the initial system design pressure is attained, taking into account any dif-

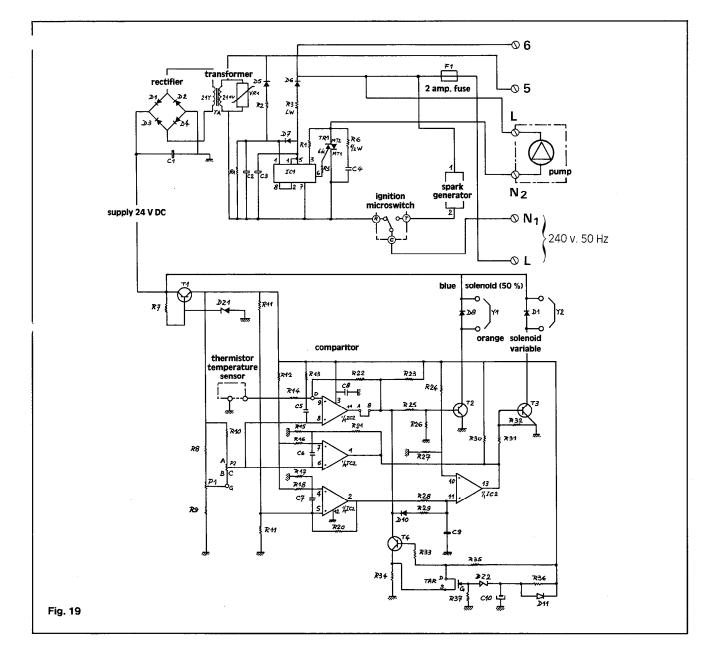
ference in height between the pressure gauge and the point at which the pressure vessel is connected. Light the boiler as detailed in 5.3.

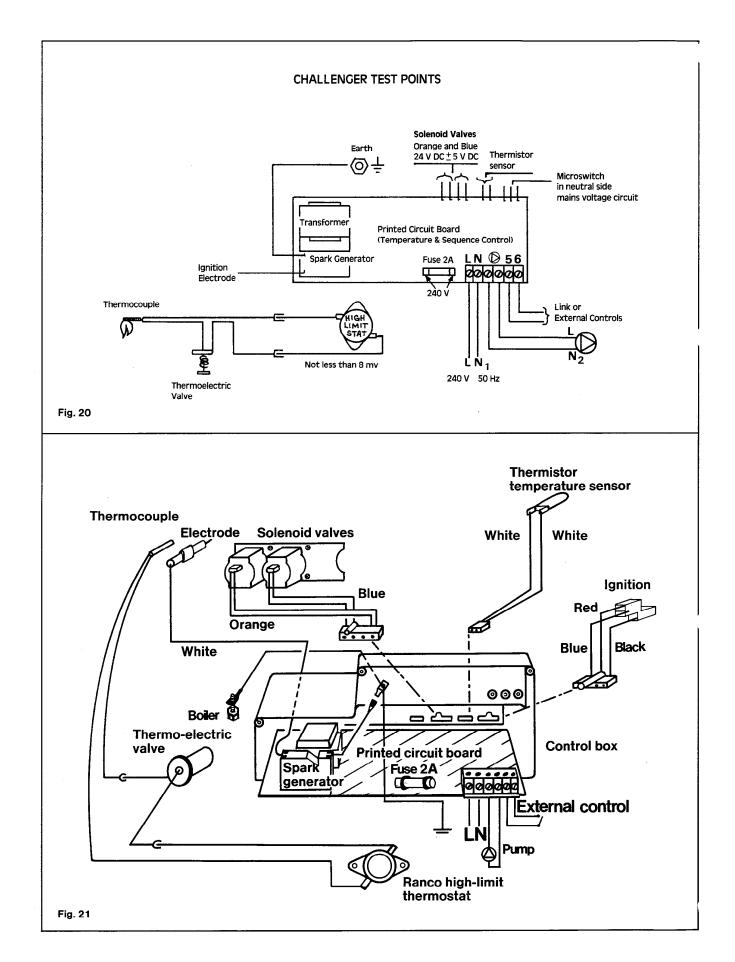
The water system should be heated to maximum working temperature and examined for water soundness.

Both gas and water should then be turned off and the water system rapidly drained whilst still hot.

The system should again be filled, and inhibitor added to the system, if required in the specification (see 3.9), cleared of air locks and adjusted to the initial design pressure. Any set pointer on the pressure gauge should be set to coincide with the indicating pointer. Examine for water soundness. Now adjust the gas rate and the system by-pass (See 5.4 and 5.5).

n.b. The boiler is supplied rated at highest output. The boiler is fitted with a gas rate adjuster.



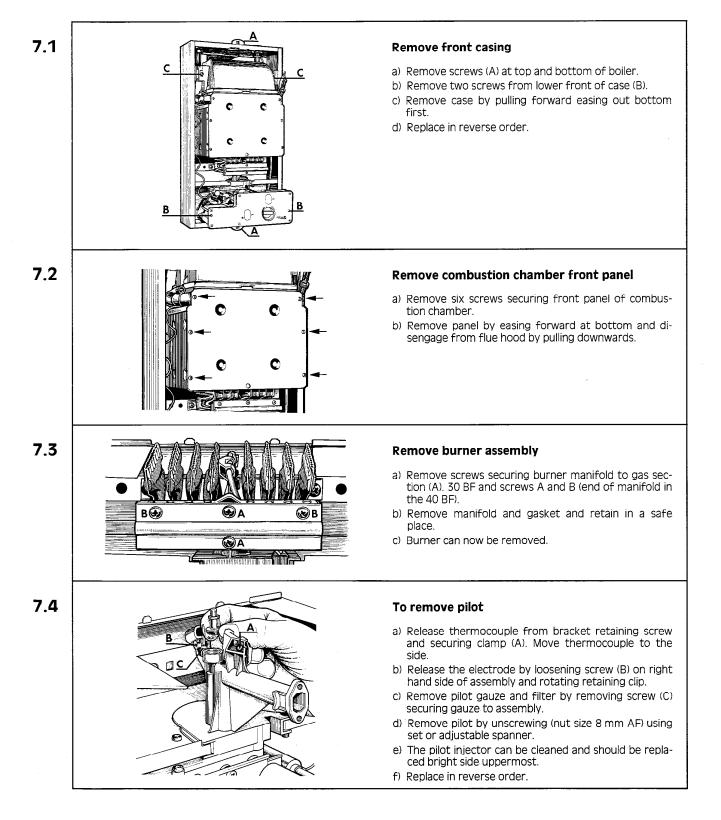


7. SERVICING

For efficient and trouble free operation it is important that the CHALLENGER receives regular maintenance. The following schedules are recommended.

Before commencing any work turn off the gas at the gas inlet service 4.8 tap (Page 4). Ensure that the electricity supply is disconnected.

NB: Always test for a gas soundness after completing any servicing or exchange of gas carrying components.

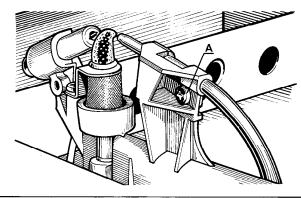


Cleaning the parts

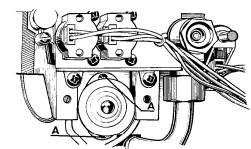
- a) The burner can be cleaned by inverting and brushing with a soft brush.
- b) The heat exchanger matrix can be cleaned by brushing. It may be an advantage to remove flue hood see 4.7. If deposits are too hard to remove by brushing, the matrix can be removed see section 8.7 page 19 and washed with hot water and detergent.
- c) The gas filter (see C 4.8) can be cleaned using water and detergent DO NOT USE SOLVENTS.
- d) Replace all components in reverse order. **NB**: particular attention must be given to ensuring that the case seal is sound when the casing is replaced.

8. REPLACEMENT OF PARTS





8.2



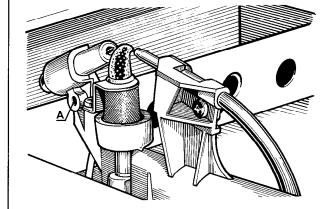
Replacing thermocouple

- a) Remove front case 7.1
- b) Remove combustion chamber front panel 7.2
- c) Remove burner 7.3
- d) Release thermocouple from bracket securing clamp (A).
- e) Release at thermoelectric valve by unscrewing nut 10 mm.
- f) Disconnect from overheat thermostat by pulling connections apart.
- g) Replace in reverse order (taking care to replace rubber seating BF only).

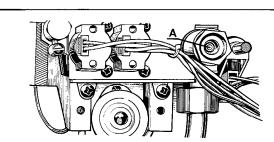
Replace high limit thermostat

- a) Remove front case 7.1 and electrical control box 8.10.
- b) Remove two screws (A) securing overheat assembly.
- c) Disconnect at pin connectors by pulling apart.
- d) Remove sensor from dry pocket first removing split pin.
- e) Replace in reverse order using a heat sink grease on the sensing phial.

8.3



8.4

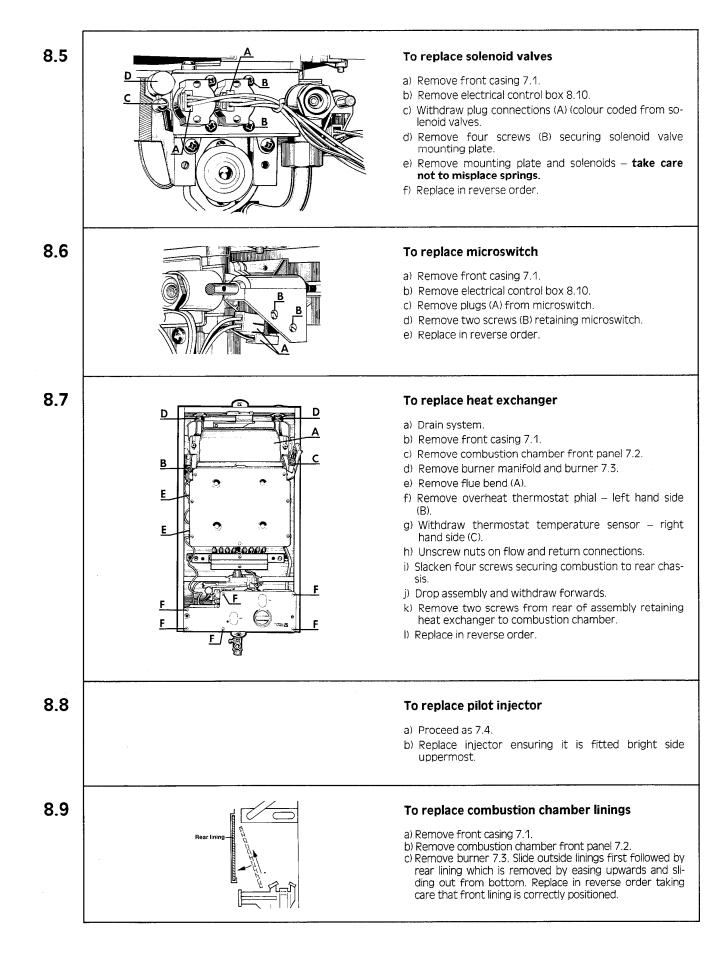


Replace spark electrode and lead

- a) Remove front case 7.1.
- b) Remove combustion chamber front panel 7.2.
- c) Remove burner 7.3.
- d) Remove thermostat knob and six screws from front of electrical control box.
- e) Remove plugs from rear of electrical controls box.
- f) Slide PCB forward and remove spark terminal.
- g) Feed lead out through rear of control box.
- h) Loosen screw securing clip retain electrode and turn clip through 90 °.
- i) Withdraw electrode by sliding forward.
- j) Replace in reverse order taking care to locate electrode in locating groove and to replace plugs in rear of control box.

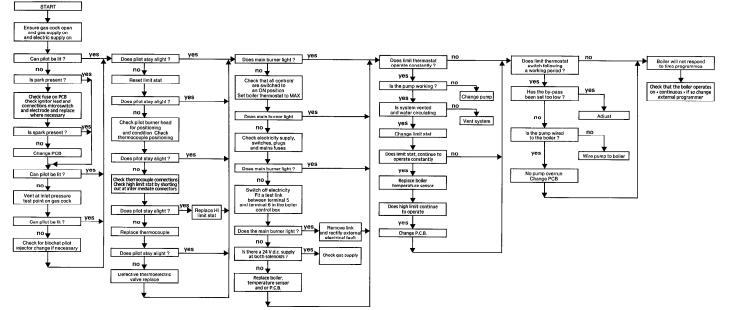
To replace thermoelectric valve

- a) Remove front cover.
- b) Remove thermocouple connection.
- c) Remove nut securing thermoelectric valve (25 mm).
- d) Withdraw thermoelectric valve.
- e) Replace in reverse order.



8.10		To replace electrical control box
	Earth	 a) Isolate electrical supply. b) Remove front casing 7.1. c) Remove six screws retaining electrical control box cover 8.7 - F. d) Withdraw plugs from rear of box. e) Disconnect to terminal strip. f) Slide PCB forward and disconnect spark electrode and earth leads. g) Remove 2 screws securing control box to chassis. h) Replace in reverse order taking care to replace plugs in rear of control box. NB : Care should be taken to ensure correct location of the ON, OFF and reset buttons.
8.11		 To replace thermostat a) Isolate electrical supply. b) Remove front casing. c) Undo knurled ring (A) retaining thermostat phial and remove phial. d) Unplug from rear of control box. e) Replace in reverse order using heat sink grease on the sensing phial.
8.12		To replace fuse
		 a) Isolate electrical supply. b) Remove front casing 7.1. c) Remove cover on electrical control box (8.10 c) d) Remove and replace fuse. e) Reassemble in reverse order.
8.13		To replace PCB
		 a) Isolate electrical supply. b) Remove front casing 7.1. c) Remove electrical control box cover (see 8.10 c). d) Remove plugs from rear of electrical control box. e) Ease forward PCB and remove spark electrode wire and earth wire from spark generator. f) Slide board forward and remove. g) Replace in reverse order.
8.14		Testing of FFD Circuit
		 Closed circuit Slide back insulation at plug in connection and attach millivolt meter using crocodile clip connectors. Output should not be less than 3 mv.
		 Open circuit Disconnect round pin connectors. Attach millivolt meter using crocodile clips to the thermocouple side - male connectors. Press and hold ignitor button. Output with pilot on should not be less than 14 mv.
		NB : If closed circuit output is high and approaching the open circuit voltage obtained, then suspect faulty thermoelectric valve.

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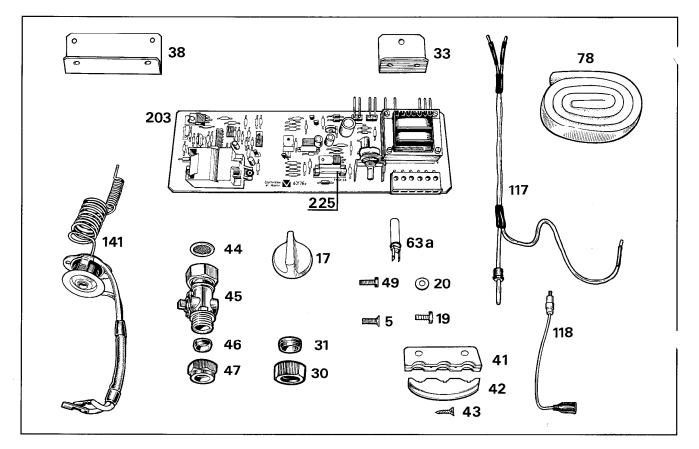
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SHORT LIST



Key No	Description	GC Number	Part Number
5	Screw M6 front cover/control box securing	366 713	65622/01
7a	Door assembly (30 BF)	366 688	64143
7b	Door assembly (40 BF)	366 649	64150
17	Temperature selector knob	366 553	64051
19	Screw front case/rear case securing	402 327	45817
20	Plastic washer	407 715	34377
21	Serrated washer	366 035	13183
30	Nut 3/4" BSP	366 558	47509
31	Olive (22 mm)	366 559	47508
33	Top fixing bracket	366 250	40169/06
38	Bottom bracket 30 BF only	366 691	65485/06
41	Cable clamp bracket	366 564	65519/06
42	Cable clamp	366 565	27834
43	Screws cable clamp/bracket	366 714	45654
44	Gas filter washer	263 545	37309
45	Gas service cock	366 566	65960
46	Olive (15 mm)	263 800	56489
47	Nut 1/2" BSP	366 642	56490/01
49	Fixing screw - Bracket to case	366 546	66207/03
63a	Thermistor temperature sensor	366 570	64154
78	Foam gasket - rear case/air inlet duct	366 662	56511
117	Thermocouple assembly	366 667	65974
118	Electrode and lead assembly	366 593	63404
141	High limit thermostat assembly	366 636	65962
203	Printed circuit board	366 614	63176
225	Fuse (2 amp)	264 446	44790



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