Installation and service instructions



for heating engineers

Vitodens 100
Type WB1A
Gas fired wall mounted condensing boiler
Natural gas version

See applicability on the last page



VITODENS 100



Please keep safe

Safety instructions



Please follow these safety instructions closely to prevent accidents and material losses.

Safety instructions explained



Danger

This symbol warns against the risk of injury.



Important information

This symbol warns against the risk of material losses and environmental pollution.

Note

Details identified by the word "Note" contain additional information.

Target group

These instructions are exclusively designed for qualified personnel.

- Work on gas equipment must only be carried out by a CORGI registered gas fitter.
- Electrical work must be compliant with Part P of the building regulations
- The system must be commissioned by the system installer or a qualified person authorised by the installer.

If you notice the smell of gas



Danger

Escaping gas can cause explosions which may lead to serious injury.

- Do not smoke. Prevent naked flames and sparks.
 Never operate light switches or those of electrical equipment.
- Open windows and doors.
- Close the gas shut-off valve.
- Remove all personnel from the danger zone.
- Observe the safety regulations of your local gas supplier, found on the gas meter.
- Notify your heating contractor from outside the building.

If you smell flue gas



Danger

Flue gas may lead to life-threatening poisoning.

- Heating system shutdown
- Ventilate the boiler room.
- Close all doors leading to the living space.
- Do not operate electrical switches.

Safety instructions (cont.)

Working on the heating system

- Isolate the system from the mains electric power supply, e.g. by removing a separate fuse or by means of a mains electrical isolator, and check that it is no longer 'live'.
- Isolate the gas supply and safeguard against unauthorised reopening.

Repair work

Important information
Repairing components which
fulfil a safety function can compromise the safe operation of
your heating system.
Replace faulty components
only with original Viessmann
spare parts.

Ancillary components, spare and wearing parts

Important information
Spare and wearing parts which have not been tested together with the heating system can compromise its function. Installing non-authorised components and non-approved modifications/conversion can compromise safety and may infringe our warranty conditions.

For replacements, use only original spare parts from Viessmann or those which are approved by Viessmann.

Index

Index

Installation instructions	
Preparing for installation	
Product information	5
General Information	
Technical Specification	-
Installation Requirements	
Preparations for boiler installation	29
Installation	
Installing the boiler and making all connections	32
Flue outlet	
Electrical connections	
Commissioning and testing	
Commissioning and testing	41
Service instructions	
Initial start-up, inspection, maintenance	56
0	
Service Instructions	
Routine Servicing Instructions	56
Troubleshooting	
	C 7
Fault finding	
Repairs	72
Designs	
Connection and wiring diagrams – combi boiler	80
Connection and wiring diagram - system boiler	82
Parts lists	84
O (17)	
Certificates	
Declaration of conformity	90
Keyword index	91

Product information

Vitodens 100, Type WB1A

Set up for operation with natural gas.

General Information

Appliance description

The Vitodens 100 is a fully automatic, wall hung, fan assisted balanced flue condensing boiler for use with Natural Gas (G20).

The Vitodens 100 is fully modulating and provides central heating outputs between 8.0 kW (27,300Btu/h) and 24.0 kW (84,300Btu/h)/30.0 kW (93,550 Btu/h) and instantaneous hot water at outputs between 8.0 kW (27,300 Btu/h) and 24.0 kW (84,300Btu/h)/30.0 kW (93,550 Btu/h).

The appliance always gives priority to domestic hot water supply.

The appliance is designed for use with sealed primary water systems (only) and incorporates a circulation pump, diverter valve assembly, flow switch (combi boiler only), DHW plate heat exchanger (combi boiler only), safety valve and CH expansion vessel. A separate DHW expansion vessel is not required.

Internal frost protection and an electronic control unit is fitted as standard equipment and the boiler may be used with any suitable room thermostat and / or time clock in addition to the optional controls available from Viessmann.

Certification details

The Vitodens 100 is certified to comply with the requirements of prEN 483 and EN 625 for use in GB and IE (Great Britain and Ireland) using gas category 2H (G20 with a governed gas supply at 20 mbar (8 in.wg) inlet pressure).

The appliance classification is either C_{13x} or C_{33x} depending upon whether a horizontal or vertical flue terminal is used.

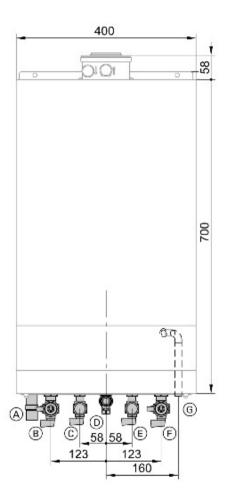
Technical Specification

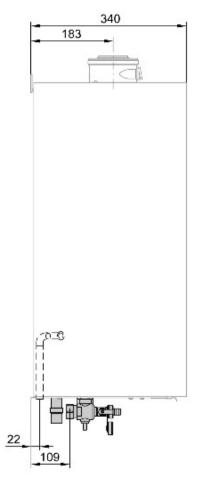
General Specifications and Performance Data

Rated output range				
Tv/TR 50/30 °C	kW	8 to 24	8 to 30	
Tv/TR 80/60 °C	kW	7.3 to 21.8	7.3 to 27.3	
Rated output range	kW	7.4 to 22.3	7.4 to 28.0	
Maximum gas rate	m ³ /h	2.50	3.14	
Combi boiler:				
Design domestic hot water performance	l/min	9.0	12.0	
(specific rate)				
Domestic hot water temperature range	°C	30 - 60	30 - 60	
Maximum mains water inlet pressure	bar	10	10	
Minimum mains water inlet pressure for	bar	1	1	
operation				
Total water capacity (Including expansion	I	3.5	3.5	
Vessel)				
Minimum CH system pressure (static	bar	1.0	1.0	
head) - Cold				
Maximum CH system pressure (static	bar	3.0	3.0	
head) – Hot				
Maximum CH flow temperature	°C	80	80	
Integral expansion vessel capacity	<u> </u>	8	8	
Integral expansion vessel pre-charge	bar	0.75	0.75	
pressure			_	
Lift weight				
- Combi boiler	kg	43	43	
- System boiler	kg	42	42	
Total weight inc. packaging		4.0	40	
- Combi boiler	kg	48	48	
- System boiler	kg	47	47	
Electrical supply		230 V, 50Hz	230 V, 50Hz	
Internal fuse	Α	4	4	
Maximum power consumption	W	150	150	
Flue outlet (clearance ∅):	mm	60	60	
Ventilation pipe (outside \emptyset)	mm	100	100	
Product ID		C€- 0085 BQ 0017		

Overall Appliance Dimensions

Combi boiler





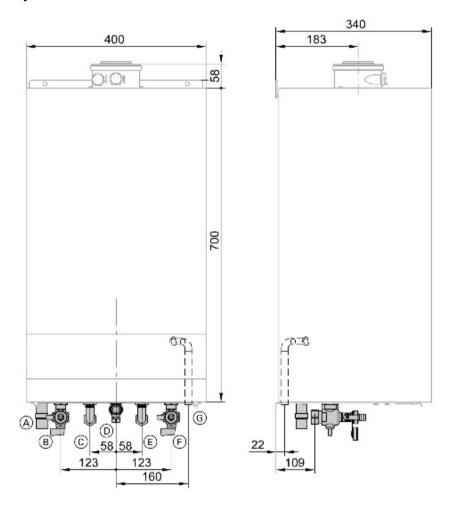
- © DHW: Ø15 mm

- D Gas connection: Rp 1/2
- © Cold water: Ø15 mm
- F Heating return: Ø22 mm
- \bigcirc Safety valve drain: \emptyset 15 mm

Preparing for installation

Technical Specification (cont.)

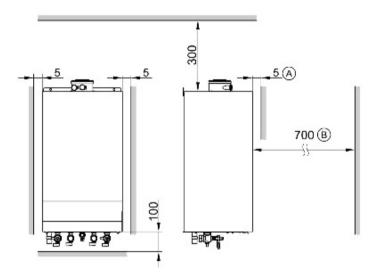
System boiler



- B Heating flow: Ø22 mm
- © DHW cylinder flow: Ø22 mm
- D Gas connection: Rp 1/2
- E DHW return: Ø22 mm
- F Heating return: Ø22 mm
- G Safety valve drain: Ø15 mm

Minimum installation clearances

The following minimum clearances (mm) must be maintained for installing and servicing the appliance.



- A Front (behind removable panel)
- B Front (for service)

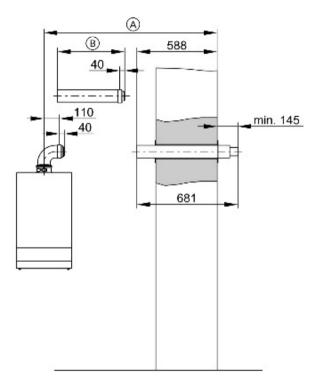
Flue System Specifications

Concentric Horizontal Flue System

Standard horizontal flue kit: The appliance is supplied complete with a standard concentric horizontal balanced flue terminal assembly, suitable for flue lengths of up to 620 mm from the centre of the flue outlet, which equates to wall thicknesses of up to 480 mm for rear flues and 463 mm for side flues, including minimum clearances.

Extension ducts can be used to increase the straight flue length up to 6 m and include one 87° elbow.

An extra 87° elbow can be used but this reduces the maximum permissible length by 1 m . An extra 45° elbow can be used but this reduces the maximum permissible length by 0.5 m.



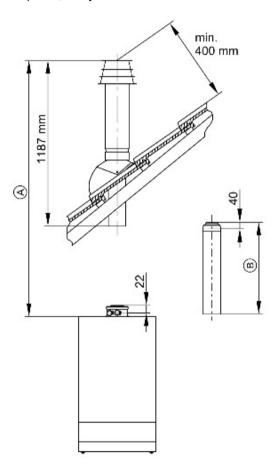
- (A) Combined length of flue outlet/ ventilation pipe max 6m.
- B Flue outlet/ventilation pipe (can be shortened as necessary)

Concentric Vertical Flue System

The vertical flue kit (optional extra) with extensions may be used for up to 10 m applications.

An extra 87° elbow can be used but this reduces the maximum permissible length by 1 m. An extra 45° elbow can be used but this reduces the max- 🖁 imum permissible length by 0.5 m.

Before commencing the installation refer to diagram below to determine which optional extension kits are required, if any.

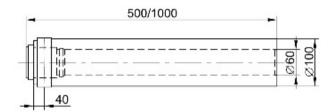


- (A) Combined length of flue outlet/ ventilation pipe max. 10 m.
- B Flue outlet/ventilation pipe (can be shortened as necessary)

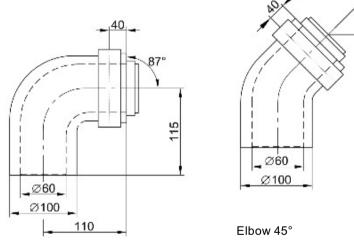
Preparing for installation

Technical Specification (cont.)

Elbows and extensions



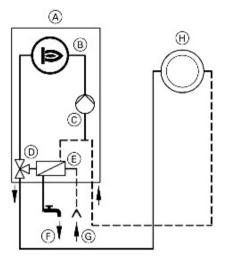
Extension



Elbow 87°

Hydraulic circuit

Combi boiler

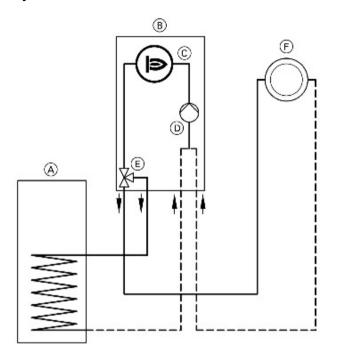


- (A) Boiler
- B heat exchanger
- © circulation pump
- D Three-way diverter valve
- E Plate heat exchanger
- F DHW outlet
- G Cold water inlet
- (H) Heating circuit

Preparing for installation

Technical Specification (cont.)

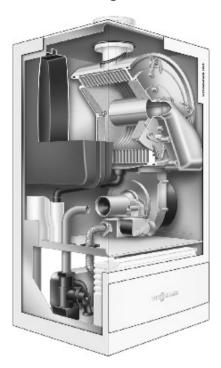
System boiler



- (A) DHW cylinder
- B Boiler
- © heat exchanger

- (D) circulation pump
- E Three-way diverter valve
 F Heating circuit

Sectional Diagram



Combi boiler illustrated

Installation Requirements

Statutory Requirements

Gas safety (installation and use) regulations (current issue)

It is in your own interest and safety, to ensure that the law is complied with.

In addition to the above regulations, this appliance must be installed in accordance with the current IEE Wiring Regulations for electrical installation (BS 7671), local building regulation, the Building Standards (Scotland) (Consolidation) Regulations, bye laws of the local water undertaking and Health and Safety Document No. 635 'The Electricity at Work regulations 1989'.

It should also be in accordance with the relevant recommendations in the current editions of the following British Standards and Codes of Practice: BS 5449, BS 5546, BS 5440:1, BS 5440:2, BS 6798, BS 7593, BS 6891 and IGE/UP/7.

From 1 April 2005, all CORGI Registered Installers will be required to notify CORGI when they have installed or exchanged a gas appliance in a residential dwelling.

CORGI will then issue either a Building Compliance Certificate (for England and Wales) or a Declaration of Safety (for Scotland, Northern Ireland, Isle of Man or appliances out of the scope of Building Regulations) to the homeowner, which will confirm that the work has been carried out by a competent CORGI Registered Installer. This document will be used to form part of the Home Information Pack (HIP) that becomes a requirement from January 2007 in order to sell your house.

Important information

Manufacturers instructions must not be taken in any way as overriding statutory obligations.

Boiler Position

The following limitations must be observed when siting the boiler:

- The boiler is not suitable for external installation. The position selected for installation should be within the building, unless otherwise protected by a suitable enclosure and must allow adequate space for installation, servicing and operation of the appliance and for air circulation around it.
- This position must allow for a suitable flue system and terminal position. The boiler must be installed on a flat vertical wall capable of supporting the weight of the appliance and any ancillary equipment when full.

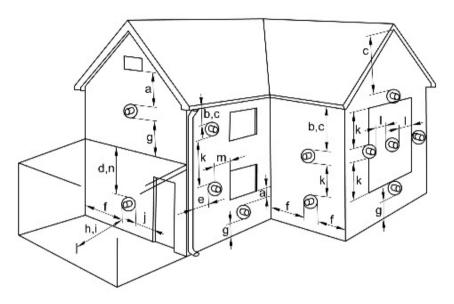


- Due consideration should be given to the routing of the condensate drain from the chosen position.
- If the boiler is to be fitted in a timber framed building it should be fitted in accordance with the British Gas publication 'Guide for Gas Installations In Timber Frame Housing', reference DM2. If in doubt, advice must be sought from British Gas.
- If the appliance is to be installed in a room containing a bath or shower, any electrical switch or control utilising mains electricity, it must be so situated, that it cannot be touched by a person using the bath or shower. Attention is drawn to the requirements of BS 7671 (the current I.E.E Wiring Regulations) and in Scotland the electrical provisions of the Building Regulations applicable in Scotland.
- A compartment used to enclose the appliance must be designed and constructed specifically for this purpose. An existing cupboard or compartment may be used provided it is modified accordingly. BS 5376:2 gives details of the essential features of cupboard / compartment design, including airing cupboards
- Where installation will be in an unusual location, special procedures may be necessary. BS 6798 gives detailed guidance on this aspect.

Preparing for installation

Installation Requirements (cont.)

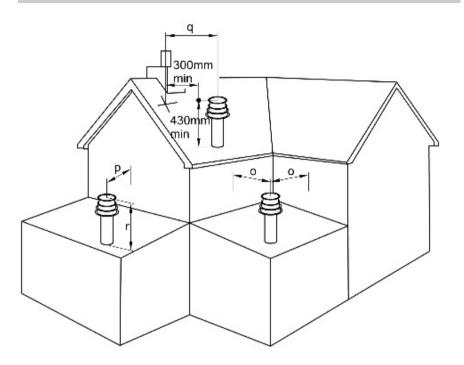
Flue terminal position



Horizontal flue systems

Position		Minimum spacing
		mm
а	Directly below an window that can be opened,	300
a	air vent or any other ventilation opening	300
b	Below gutter drain or soil pipe	75
С	Below eaves	200
d	Below a balcony	200
e	From vertical drain or soil pipes	150
<u>f</u>	From internal and external corners	300
g	Above adjacent ground or balcony level/roof	300
h	From a surface facing the terminal	600
<u>i</u>	Facing terminals	1200
	From opening door/window in carport into	1200
J	dwelling	1200
k	Vertically from a terminal on same wall	1500
<u> </u>	Horizontally from a terminal on same wall	300
m	Adjacent to opening	300
n	Below carport/roof	200

18



Vertical flue systems

Position		Minimum spacing
		mm
0	From adjacent wall	300
р	From adjacent opening window	1000
q	From another terminal	600
r	Minimum height	300

Flue Terminal Location

Detailed recommendations for flue installation are given in BS 5440:1. The following notes are for general guidance.

- The boiler must be installed so that the terminal is exposed to external air
- It is important that the position of the terminal allows free passage of air across it at all times.



- It is essential to ensure that products of combustion discharging from the terminal cannot re-enter the building or any other adjacent building, through ventilators, windows, doors, other sources of natural air infiltration or forced ventilation / air conditioning.
- The minimum acceptable dimensions from the terminal to obstructions and ventilation openings are specified in on page 16(BS 5440 Part 1).
- If the terminal discharges into a pathway or passageway check that combustion products will not cause nuisance and that the terminal will not obstruct the passageway.
- Where the lowest part of the terminal is fitted less than 2 m above ground, above a balcony or above a flat roof to which people have access, the terminal must be protected by a purpose designed guard. (Available as an optional extra).
- Where the terminal is fitted within 850 mm of a plastic or painted gutter, or 450 mm of painted eaves, an aluminium shield, at least 750 mm long, must be fitted to the underside of the painted surface.
- The air inlet / flue outlet duct must not be closer than 25 mm to combustible material.
- Due to the high efficiency of the boiler the terminal may emit a plume of vapour. This is normal but positions where this would cause a nuisance should be avoided.

Ventilation Requirements

Detailed recommendations for air supply are given in BS 5440:2. The following notes are for general guidance.

- It is not necessary to have a purpose provided air vent in the room or internal space in which the appliance is installed.
- If the boiler is to be installed in a cupboard or compartment, no permanent air vents are required for cooling purposes in the cupboard or compartment, however, it is essential to ensure that the minimum clearances stated in page 9 are maintained.

Central Heating System (typical system designs)

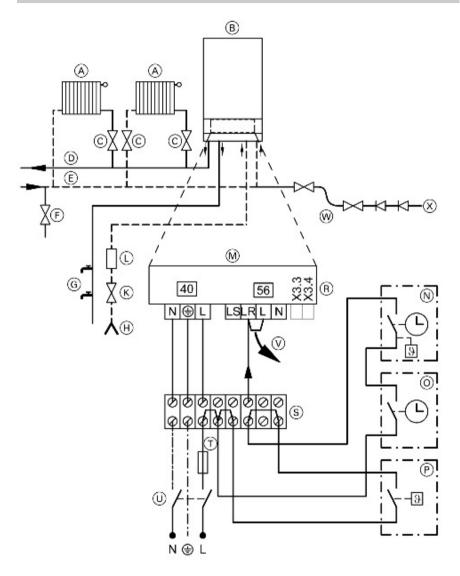
- The Vitodens 100 is designed for connection to sealed central heating water systems.
- A sealed system must only be filled by a competent person.

 Filling the heating system see page 48. Do not fill up the whole system using the internal filling loop (the internal filling loop is only for topping-up).

Combination boiler

Note

The boiler incorporates an internal bypass to ensure adequate water flow. Certain thermostatic radiator valve manufacturers may require that a bypass valve is fitted in addition to the integral by pass. Specifications as to the individual requirements should be sought prior to installation.



- A Radiators
- (B) Boiler
- © Lockshield valve
- (D) CH flow

- © CH return
- F Drain cock at lowest point in the system
- (G) Hot water taps



- (H) Water main
- (K) BS stop valve
- Pressure reducing valve (if necessary)
- (M) Control unit
- Room temperature control (on site)
 Connection of Viessmann
 Vitotrol 100 see page 42
- Time switch
- (P) Frost stat
- Open therm-connection(alternative)
 Connection see page 42
- The following Viessmann control configurations are available:
 Constant temperature
 Timer with constant temperature
 Vitotrol 100 UTD
- The boiler requires a permanent live feed via plug 40.

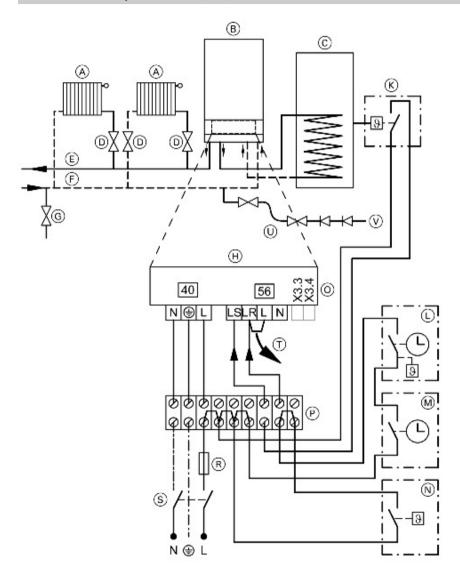
- (S) Connection box (not supplied)
- T Fuse 3 A
- (U) Mains ON/OFF switch
- (V) When connecting, remove bridge
- W Temporary filling loop
- (X) Water mains
- 40 Power supply
- 56 Mains connection accessories/ room temperature control/DHW cylinder control
- LR Connection of room temperature control
- LS Connection of DHW cylinder control

System boiler

Cylinder connected directly to boiler.

Note

The boiler incorporates an internal bypass to ensure adequate water flow, however one radiator should be permanently open (fitted with two lockshield valves) to dissipate any excess heat.



- (A) Radiators
- B Boiler
- © DHW-Cylinder
- D Lockshield valve

- (E) CH flow
- F CH return
- © Drain cock at lowest point in the system



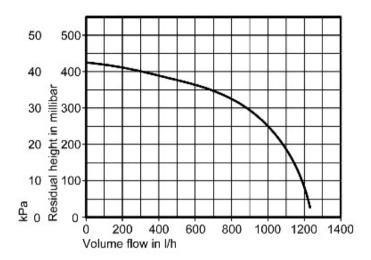
- (H) Control unit
- (K) Cylinder thermostat
- (L) Room temperature control (on Connection of Viessmann Vitotrol 100 see page 42
- M Time switch
- (N) Frost stat
- O Open therm-connection(alternative) Connection see page 42
- P Connection box (not supplied)
- (R) Fuse 3 A
- The following Viessmann control configurations are available: Constant temperature Timer with constant temperature Vitotrol 100 UTD
- The boiler requires a permanent live feed via plug 40.

- (S) Mains ON/OFF switch
- (T) When connecting, remove bridge
- (U) Temporary filling loop
- (V) Water mains
- Power supply
- 56 Mains connection accessories/ room temperature control/DHW cylinder control
- LR Connection of room temperature control
- LS Connection of DHW cylinder control
- The DHW cylinder must have an integrated temperature control connected to the Vitodens 100
- The DHW will always take priority over the central heating when timed demand is selected.

Hydraulic components in the boiler

Pump

The available head shown in following figure is that in excess of the appliance hydraulic resistance, i.e that available for the system.



Expansion vessel

The table shows the maximum system volume that the integral expansion vessel can sustain under different charge pressure conditions. If the system volume exceeds that shown, an additional expansion vessel must be fitted and connected to the heating system primary return pipe as close as possible to the appliance. If an extra vessel is required, ensure that the total capacity of both vessels is adequate.

Further details are available in the current issues of BS 5449 and BS 6798.

Note

If the pressure gauge rises by 1.5 bar when the appliance is at maximum temperature with all radiators in circulation an extra expansion vessel is required.

Vessel charge and initial system	bar	0.5	1.0	1.5
pressure	psi	7.3	14.5	21.5
Total water content of system	litres	106	75	42
using 8 litre capacity expansion vessel supplied with appliance	gallons	23	16.5	9
For systems having larger capacity, multiply the total system capacity in litres by the factor to obtain the total minimum expansion vessel capacity required		0.0833	0.11	0.16

Pressure relief valve

A pressure relief valve set at 3 bar (43.5 psi) is supplied with the appliance

Domestic Hot Water System (Combi boiler only)

- Check that the mains water pressure is sufficient to produce the required DHW flow rate of 9.0 I/min (24 kW)/12.0 l/min (30 kW), but does not exceed the maximum DHW pressure (10 bar). If necessary, a pressure reducing valve must be fitted to the mains supply before the DHW inlet connection.
- The final 600 mm (24 in) of the mains supply pipe to the boiler must be copper.
- A regulator is fitted to control the maximum water flow rate.
- If the appliance is installed in an area where the temporary hardness of the water supply is high (over 150 ppm) the fitting of an in line scale inhibitor may be an advantage. Consult the Local Water Authority if in doubt.
- For specific information relating to fittings (e.g., showers, washing machines etc) suitable for connection in the DHW circuit, consult the Local Water Authority. However, the following information is given for quidance.

Domestic hot/cold water supply taps and mixing taps: All equipment designed for use at mains water pressure is suitable.

Showers and bidets: Any mains pressure shower or bidet complying with the Local Water Authority regulations is suitable.

Gas Supply

- The Gas Supplier should be consulted at the installation planning stage in order to establish the availability and supply of an adequate supply of gas.
- ■ A gas meter can only be connected by the gas supplier or by their contractor.
- An existing meter and / or pipework should be of sufficient size to carry the maximum boiler input plus the demand of any other installed appliance. (BS 6891: 1988). A minimum of 22 mm dia. pipework is required to within 1 metre of the appliance gas cock.



- The governor at the meter must give a constant outlet pressure of 21 mbar +/- 1mbar. when the appliance is running.
- The gas supply line should be purged.
 - **Warning**: Before purging open all doors and windows, also extinguish any cigarettes, pipes and any other naked lights.
- The complete installation must be tested for gas soundness.

Electricity Supply

- Wiring external to the appliance must be in accordance with BS 7671 (the current I.E.E Wiring Regulations) for electrical installation and any local regulations which apply.
- The mains cable must be at least 0.75 mm²(24/0.2 mm) PVC insulated to BS 6500 table 16.
- Warning: This Appliance must be earthed. (Failure to provide a satisfactory earth connection would be a safety hazard and may also result in appliance malfunction).
- The method of connection to the mains supply must facilitate complete electrical isolation of the appliance. Either a 3A fused three pin plug and unswitched shuttered socket outlet, both complying with BS 1363, or a 3A fused double pole switch having a 3 mm contact separation in both poles and serving only the boiler (and its external controls) may be used.

External Controls

To ensure optimum performance, Viessmann offer a range of external controls however the appliance may be used with any certificated room thermostat or time clock room thermostat.

Preparations for boiler installation

Unpacking the appliance

The appliance is supplied in 2 separate packages plus any optional flue packages. Check the availability and contents of each package before commencing the installation.

Boiler package

Combi boiler

- Boiler (assembled)
- 5 shut-off valves
- Wall mounting fixture
- 2 wall plugs and 2 screws
- Installation template

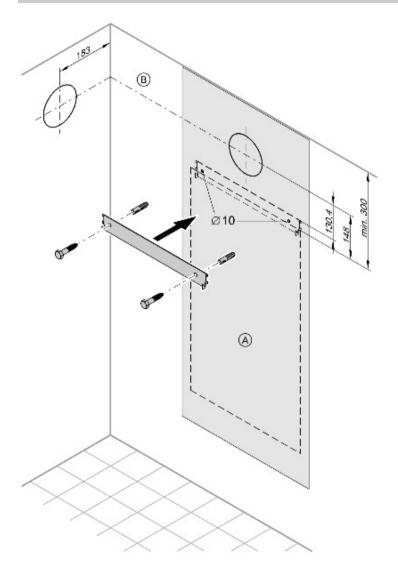
System boiler

- Boiler (assembled)
- 3 shut-off valves
- 2 connection elbows
- Wall mounting fixture
- 2 wall plugs and 2 screws
- Installation template

Wall mounting bracket installation

Important: Before installing the appliance, check that the chosen position is suitable, adequate installation clearances are available and that the requirements for flue terminal position are satisfied.

Preparations for boiler installation (cont.)



- (A) Installation template
- **1.** Position the installation template on the wall.
- (B) Observe the minimum slope of 3° (5mm/m) towards the boiler
- **2.** Mark wall plug holes and balanced flue pipe opening.



Preparations for boiler installation (cont.)

- **3.** Drill Ø10 mm holes and insert the rawl plugs.
- **4.** Cut flue pipe opening to 100 mm ∅.
- **5.** Fit wall mounting frame with enclosed screws.

Preparing the connections

Note

For dimensions for on-site preparations of the gas and water side connections see "Overall Appliance Dimensions" on page 7.

- **1.** Prepare the water connections.
- 2. Clean and flush the heating system.

Use only the following additives:

- Cleanser (Fernox)
- Sentinal X300...
- **3.** Prepare gas connection to BS 6891.

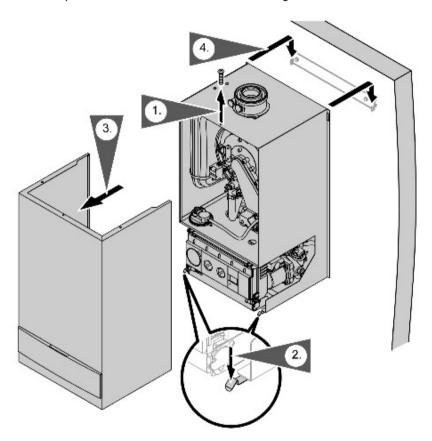
- **4.** Prepare the electrical connections.
 - Mains cable: H05V2V2-F 3 G 1,0 mm², 230 V~, 50 Hz. A 1.5m power cable is part of the standard delivery.
 - Accessory cables: H05V2V2-F 3
 G 1.0 mm² for connection of room temperature control and DHW cylinder control (system boiler).

Installing the boiler and making all connections

Remove front panel and mount boiler

Note

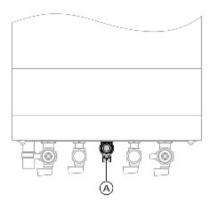
The front panel must be removed before mounting the boiler.



- **1.** Remove the screw at the top of the boiler.
- 2. Press down the springs on the underside of the boiler and remove the front panel.
- **3.** Hook the boiler on to the wall mounting frame.

Installing the boiler and making all connections (cont.)

Gas connection



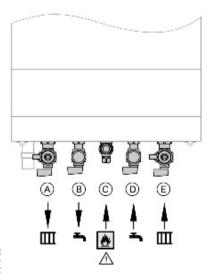
- Connect the gas supply to the gas inlet connection on the gas cock

 Upon completion, tighten the union connection.
- 2. Carry out a gas soundness test.
- 3. Purge the gas supply pipe.

A Gas connection: 1/2 BSP

Installing water fittings

Combi boiler



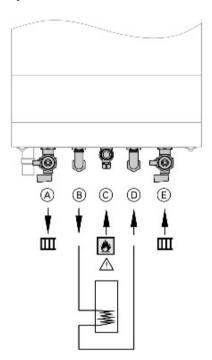


Installation

Installing the boiler and making all connections (cont.)

- A Heating flow: Ø22 mm (red toggle)
- © Gas connection: ½ BSP
- D Cold water: Ø15 mm
- E Heating return: Ø22 mm (blue toggle)

System boiler

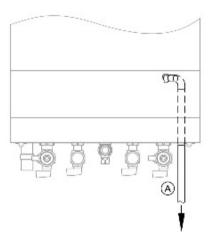


For operation without a DHW cylinder, shut-off connections B and D.

- A Heating flow: Ø22 mm (red toggle)
- B DHW cylinder flow: Ø22 mm
- © Gas connection: ½ BSP
- D DHW return: Ø22 mm
- E Heating return: Ø22 mm (blue toggle)

Installing the boiler and making all connections (cont.)

Connect safety valve drain



Connect a suitable discharge pipe to the pressure relief valve outlet. The pipe discharging to a safe place must be a minimum of 15 mm copper and run continually downwards.

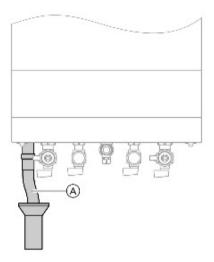
The pipe from the pressure relief valve must not discharge above an entrance, window or any type of public access area.

The pipe must be routed to a position so that any discharge of water possibly boiling, or steam, cannot create any danger to persons, damage to property or external electric components and wiring. The point of discharge must be clearly visible. To ease future servicing it is advisable to use a compression type fitting to extend the discharge pipe.

Installing the boiler and making all connections (cont.)

Condensate connection

Vitodens 100 has within a syphonic condensate trap.



A Ø22 mm plastic condensate pipe

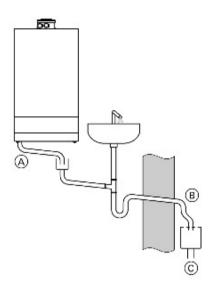
Routing

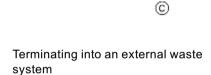
The condensate pipe can terminate into any one of the following areas. It is always the best practice to terminate the condensate pipe via an internal waste system.

- The pipe run should take the shortest practical route with a downward slope of at least 2.5 ° (4.5 mm/m)
- The external pipework should be insulated to prevent freezing
- The pipework should terminate as close as possible to the ground or drain, whilst still allowing the condensate to safely disperse.
- The condensate pipe must be of non corrosive material, preferably plastic. Note: ferrous materials or copper must not be used.

Installing the boiler and making all connections (cont.)

DO

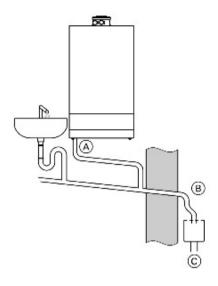




Terminating into an internal waste system

- B External length of pipe 3 m max.
- © Open end direct into gully, below ground but above water level
- (A) Ø22 mm plastic condensate pipe
- B External length of pipe 3 m max.
- © Open end direct into gully, below ground but above water level

Installing the boiler and making all connections (cont.)



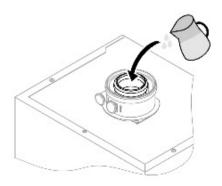
(Win. 450)

Terminating into the rainwater system

Terminating into an external purpose made soakaway

- B External length of pipe 3 m max.
- © Open end direct into gully, below ground but above water level
- (B) Internal soil and vent stack

Filling the siphon with water



Fill a minimum of 0.3 I of water into the boiler connect kit flue outlet.

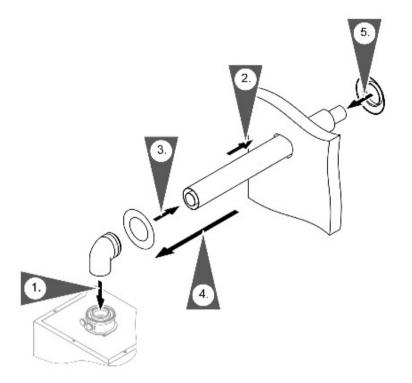
Important information

At initial start-up, flue gas may be emitted from the condensate drain.

Fill the siphon with water before start-up.

Flue outlet

External wall terminal C_{13x}

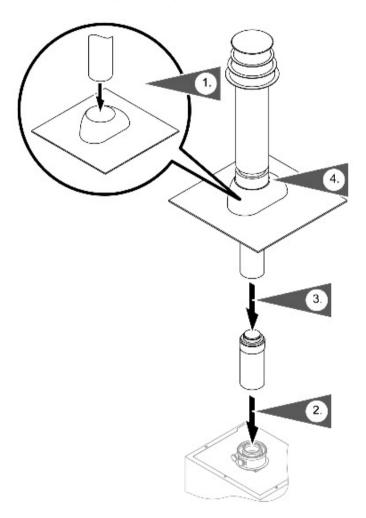


- 1. Insert pipe bend into the boiler flue outlet.
- 2. Insert external flue terminal into the wall outlet.
- 3. Secure the wall bezel internally.
- 4. Connect external flue terminal to pipe bend.
 Install flue and supply pipes accordingly,
 with a minimum of 3° slope (ca. 50 mm/m) towards the boiler.
- 5. Secure the wall bezel externally.

Installation

Flue outlet (cont.)

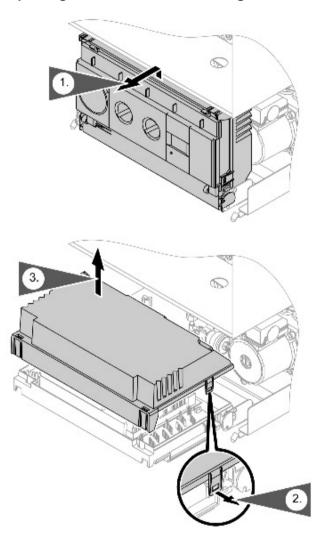
Vertical roof terminal C33x



- 1. Install the universal roof tile.
- 2. Install flue and supply pipes accordingly.
- **3.** Push roof terminal through roof and insert into flue/supply pipe.
- 4. Seal roof terminal.

Electrical connections

Opening the control unit housing



Electrical connections (cont.)

Making connections



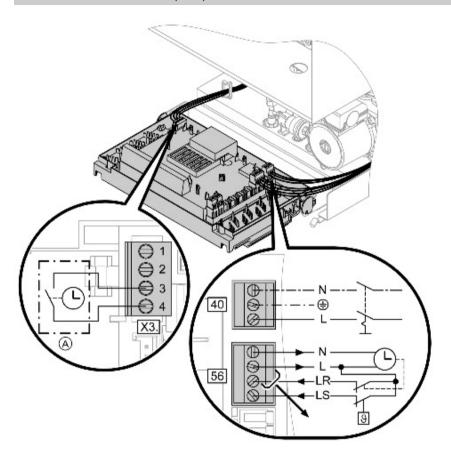
Notes regarding the connection of accessories

For details of accessories, also observe the separate installation instructions provided.

Notes regarding the connection of room temperature and DHW cylinder temperature control

For more information about the connection of on site temperature controls see page 21.

Electrical connections (cont.)



- 40 Mains power connection 230 V ~ 50 Hz (green plug)

 Do not interchange the supply
 - Do not interchange the supply conductors L1 and the neutral conductor N.

A two pole shut off switch with a contact separation of at least 3 mm must be fitted in the mains supply to the boiler with a maximum fuse value of 3 A.

A 1.5m power cable is part of the standard delivery.

- 56 Mains connection accessories/ room temperature control/DHW cylinder control (black plug)
- Room temperature control with zero volt contact e.g. Vitotrol 100 UTD

If making the connection between, "L" and "LR" remove jumper 56.



Installation

Electrical connections (cont.)

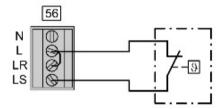
- LR Connection of room temperature control
 - Vitotrol 100 UTA
 - Vitotrol 100 UTD

If making the connection between,

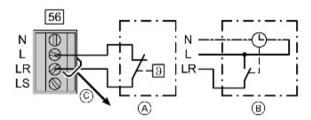
"L" and "LR" remove jumper.

LS Connection of DHW cylinder control

Connect DHW cylinder temperature control



Connect Vitotrol 100



A Vitotrol 100 UTD

- B Vitotrol 100 UTA
- © When connecting, remove link

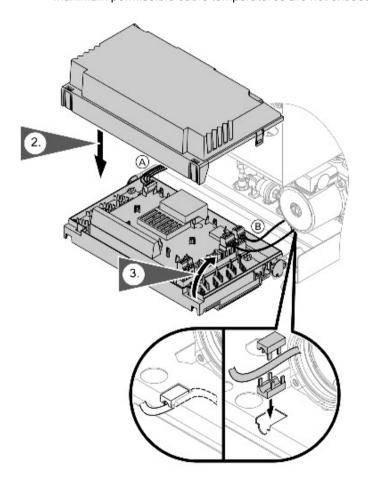
Electrical connections (cont.)

Routing connecting cables

Important information

Connecting cables can be damaged if they touch hot components.

When routing and securing connecting cables on site, ensure that the maximum permissible cable temperatures are not exceeded.



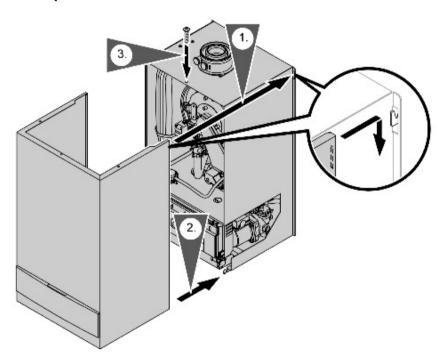
- igatimes Low voltage connections
- B 230 V connections

Installation

Electrical connections (cont.)

- 1. Connect strain relief to the external cable and clip into the mounting plate aperture.
- 2. Fit cover.
- 3. Pivot the control unit upwards.

Front panel installation



- Hang the front panel to the wall mounting frame by the appropriate hook.
- **2.** Press down the front panel at the bottom.
- **3.** Insert the screw at the top of the boiler.

Note

The outer case forms a seal with the combustion box. It must therefore be securely fitted with the screw provided.

Commissioning and testing

Before commissioning the appliance, the whole gas installation including the meter must be purged and tested for gas soundness in accordance with BS 6891: 1988.



Danger

Open all doors and windows; extinguish naked lights and **do not smoke** whilst purging the gas line.

Before commencing the commissioning procedure, ensure that the gas service cock is turned on, the electricity supply is isolated and that the DHW and CH pipework is complete.

Fill the system with cold water. It may be convenient to carry out this procedure before fitting the boiler to the piping frame. Vent the system via the radiator valves and system air vents in accordance with normal practice, close all air vents and check for system soundness. Drain the entire system to flush out any debris.

Additives from the approved list below may be used. The use of non approved additives will invalidate the warranty on this product.

- Anti-scaling: Sentinel X200
- Anti-bacterial:
 - System Cleaner (Fernox)
 - Sentinel X300...
- Anti-freeze:
 - Glycol (30% max.)
 - Antifreeze (Fernox)
 - Sentinel X500...
- Anti-corrosion:
 - Inhibitor (Fernox)
 - Sentinel X100...
- Cleaner:
 - Cleanser (Fernox)
 - Sentinel X300...

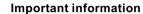
Do not use non approved additives or any chemicals from the following list

- Boiler noise silencer
- Leak sealer
- Fuel, Oil, Grease, Washing powder/liquid
- pipe jointing compound (like boss white and boss green, Sentinel)
- Anti-blockage

Note

Additive combinations are permitted only if approved additive suppliers recommend it and always according to supplier's dosage recommendation.

Filling the heating system

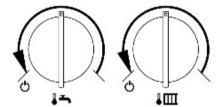


Unsuitable fill water increases the level of deposits and corrosion and may lead to boiler damage.

- Thoroughly flush the entire heating system prior to filling with water.
- Only use fill water of potable quality.
- Soften fill water harder than 150 ppm temporary hardness.
- Inhibitors or antifreeze additives suitable for heating systems should be injected or added manually.



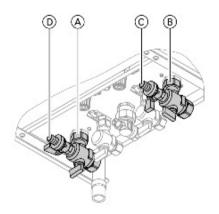
- 2. Only when operating with DHW cylinder: Prevent heat demand from the DHW cylinder.
- 3. Switch on mains supply and turn rotary selectors "IIIII" and "I" counterclockwise to the end stop (turn selector "IIIII" only for system boiler).

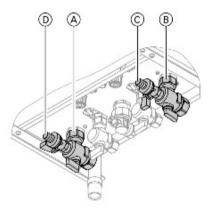


Note

The display will show the actual operating pressure and the circulation pump is switched on.

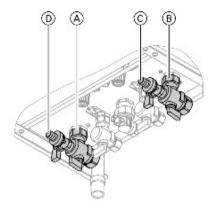






- 4. Close the shut off valves (A) and (C) to prevent water leaving the boiler (toggle at 90° to the pipe). Connect a hose pipe to outlet (D) ready to vent the boiler later
- 5. Turn valve (B) to the draining position (toggle to the front). This will allow the system pressure reading to be displayed on the boiler control panel.
- **6.** Fill and vent the system through your external temporary filling loop ensuring that most of the air has been removed from all drain and vent points on the system.
- 7. Turn on valve (B) (toggle to the rear) to allow water into the boiler and at the same time turn valve (A) to the draining position (toggle to the front) with the drain toggle open (a jubilee type clip will ensure no water loss and secure the hose in place on the drain point).
- Fill heating system. (minimum system pressure > 1.0 bar).
 The actual system pressure is displayed electronically on the boiler display.

Venting the boiler by flushing out (after venting system)

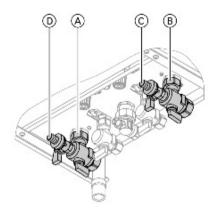


- 1. Leaving the hose connections from filling the system continue to fill the boiler from the external filling loop and draining the water to a drain from connection (D).
- 2. Continue flushing the water through the boiler until no air pockets are discharged out of the drain hose.
- 3. Slowly turn off the valve ① and turn off the temporary filling loop to regulate the pressure in the boiler and system to approx 1.2 bar.
- **4.** Turn valve (A) to open position (toggle to rear).
- Turn on the appliance to circulate the pump in both DHW and CH positions in order to continue venting. Continue venting and reverse the filling procedure if required.

Note

It is essential that there is no air in the heat exchanger and the system prior to firing the appliance. This will cause an F7 fault and prevent you finishing the installation without hinderance.





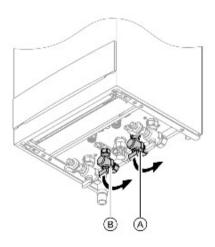
- Turn boiler isolation valves (A) and (B) to operating position (toggle to the rear), seal with the caps provided.
- **7.** Turn temperature gauge controls to the desired operating position.

Note

Be aware that the boiler may still need to be vented as air pockets are drawn into the heat exchanger.

8. Turn rotary selectors "IIII" and "III" into control range again (turn selector "IIIII" only for system boiler).

Filling the Domestic Hot Water Circuit (Combi boiler only)



- **1.** Open the DHW inlet valve (A) and outlet valve (B).
- 2. Open all DHW taps in turn to vent any air from the DHW pipework.

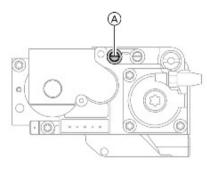
Checking static and supply pressure



Danger

CO formation, as a result of incorrect burner adjustment, can lead to severe health problems.

Carry out a CO test prior to, and after, work on gas equipment.



- 1. Close the gas shut-off valve.
- 2. Release the screw inside test nipple "IN" (A) on the gas combination valve, but do not remove, and connect the pressure gauge.
- **3.** Open the gas shut-off valve.
- **4.** Check the static pressure; it should be 20 mbar +/- 1mbar.
- **5.** Switch on mains voltage and start up the boiler.

Note

During commissioning, the boiler can enter a fault state because of airlocks in the gas pipe.
To reset press "\" key. The ignition procedure will then be repeated.

- **6.** Check the inlet working pressure = 20 mbar.
 - Minimum working pressure = 12 mbar
 - Maximum working pressure = 20 mbar

Note

Use suitable test equipment, with a resolution of at least 0.5 mbar, to measure the supply pressure.



- Shut down the boiler, close the gas shut-off valve, remove the pressure gauge, and close test nipple (A) with the screw.
- **8.** Open the gas shut-off valve and start the boiler.



Danger

Gas escaping from the test nipple leads to a risk of explosion.

Check test nipple (A) for soundness.

Setting the max. output

Note

The gas control is fully modulating and will normally facilitate a rapid heat up at maximum output followed by a continually controlled heat output. If the system has a particularly low heating load it is possible to restrict the maximum heating output to prevent short cycling.

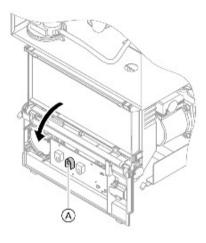
You can limit the output via the modulation range.

- **1.** Switch OFF the mains power.
- **2.** Unhook the front of the control unit and flip down.



Installation

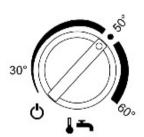
Commissioning and testing (cont.)



- 3. Start up the boiler and at the potentiometer (A) select the maximum boiler output. Check the adjustment for the corresponding gas throughput.
- **4.** Flip up the control unit front and snap into position.

Domestic hot water flow rate and temperature (Combi boiler only)

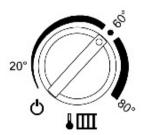
A flow regulator is fitted to ensure that no adjustment of maximum flow is necessary.



Setting DHW temperature:
Set rotary selector \$\bigset* to the desired DHW temperature.

Adjusting the boiler water temperature

The boiler water temperature must be set at an adequate level to satisfy the requirements of the heating system.



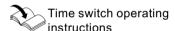
Selecting the boiler water temperature:

Set rotary selector [1] to the desired DHW temperature.

Final checks

1. If a time switch has been built into the control unit:

Set required activation periods as per the time switch operating instructions.



2. Fill in the relevant details for the installation in the benchmark logbook supplied in the instructions pack and affix the self adhesive bar code strip from the outside of the boiler packaging to this logbook.

User's instructions

Upon completion of commissioning and testing, hand the appliance over to the user, with reference to the following.

- Give the users instructions to the responsible person for the property and emphasise their responsibilities under the current edition of the Gas Safety (Installation and Use) Regulations.
- Explain and demonstrate the lighting and shutdown procedures.
- Advise the householder on the efficient use of the system, including the use and adjustment of all system controls for both DHW and CH.

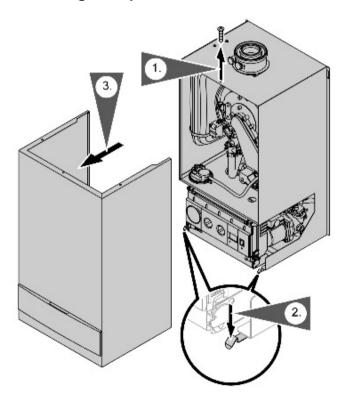
- Advise the user of the precautions necessary to prevent damage to the system and to the building in the event of the system remaining inoperative during frost conditions.
- Explain the function of the boiler safety controls and how to reset them. Emphasise that if cut-out persists, the boiler should be turned off and the installer or service engineer consulted.
- Stress the importance of an annual service by a registered heating engineer.

Routine Servicing Instructions

To ensure continued efficient operation of the appliance, it is recommended that it is checked and serviced as necessary at regular intervals. The frequency of servicing will depend upon the particular installation conditions and usage but in general once a year should be adequate. It is the law that any service work must be carried out by a competent CORGI registered person.

The boiler incorporates a flue sampling point in front of the flue outlet. The flue gases can be analysed if required. The push fit cap may be removed and a sample tube fitted. The push fit cap must be replaced after use. The flue gas sample will enable the service engineer to judge whether any major action is required. Before commencing any service operation, isolate the mains electrical supply and turn off the gas supply at the main service cock.

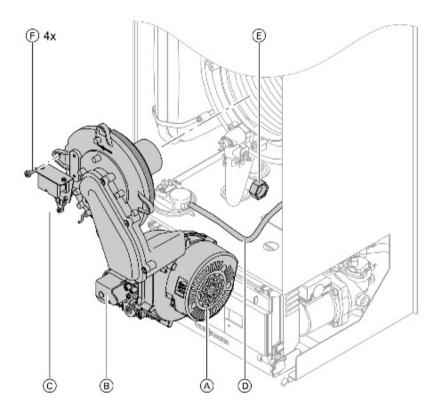
Removing front panel





- **1.** Remove the screw at the top of the boiler.
- Press down the springs on the underside of the boiler and remove the front panel.
- **3.** Lift the front panel from the wall mounting frame.

Burner removal



- 1. Switch OFF the mains power.
- 2. Close the gas shut-off valve and safeguard against reopening.
- 3. Pull electrical cables from fan motor (A), gas train (B), and ignition unit (E).
- **4.** Remove connection hose from air pressure switch (D).

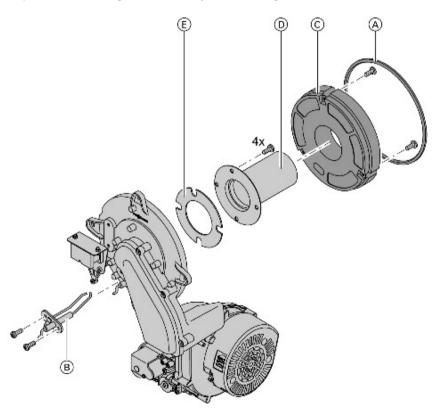


- **5.** Release gas connection pipe **E**.
- **6.** Release four screws (F) and remove the burner.
 - Important information
 To prevent damage, never rest the burner on the gauze assembly.

Check the burner gasket and burner gauze assembly for damage.

Check the burner gasket (A) for damage and replace if necessary.

Replace the burner gauze assembly if it is damaged.



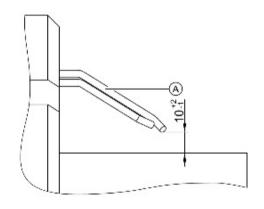


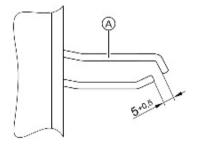
Service

Routine Servicing Instructions (cont.)

- 1. Remove electrode (B).
- **2.** Release the three Torx screws, and remove thermal insulating ring ©.
- Release the four Torx screws, and remove burner gauze assembly D with its gasket E.
- Insert and secure a new burner gauze assembly
 with a new gasket
 .
 - Torque: 3.5 Nm.approx.
- **5.** Refit the thermal insulation ring ©.
- **6.** Refit the electrode (B). Torque: 2.5 Nm.approx.

Checking and adjusting the ignition and ionisation electrodes



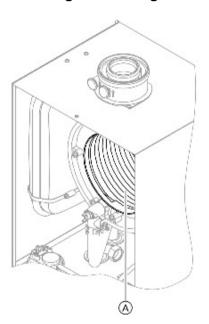


- (A) Ignition and ionisation electrode
- 1. Check the electrode for wear and contamination.



- 2. Clean the electrode with a small brush (not with a wire brush) or emery paper.
- Check all clearances. If the gaps are not as specified or the electrode is damaged, replace and align the electrode together with new gaskets. Tighten the electrode fixing screws. (2.5 Nm approx.).

Cleaning the heating surfaces



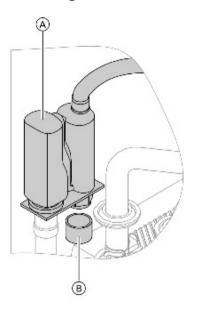
If required, clean heating surfaces (A) with a brush or flush with water.

Important information
Scratches on parts which are in contact with flue gases can lead to corrosion.
Only use plastic brushes and NOT wire brushes.

Service

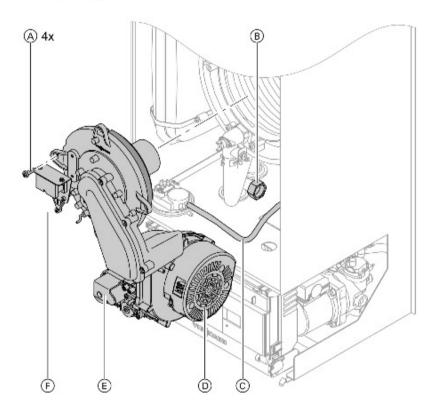
Routine Servicing Instructions (cont.)

Checking the condensate drain and cleaning the siphon



- **1.** Check at the siphon, that the condensate can freely drain.
- **2.** Place an appropriate container under the siphon (A).
- **3.** Remove the locking cap (B) and drain the siphon content.
- **4.** Replace the locking cap (B).
- **5.** Fill the siphon (A) with water by pouring about 0.3l of water into the combustion chamber.

Burner installation



- 1. Install the burner and torque screws (A) diagonally. (4 Nm. approx.)
- 2. Insert new gasket and tighten the fittings on the gas connection pipe

 (B)
- Insert air pressure switch connection pipe © onto the gas valve "OUT" connector.
- **4.** Replace electrical cables from fan motor ①, gas valve ②, and ignition unit ②.
- **5.** Open gas shut-off valve and switch on the mains.



6. Check the gas connections for soundness.



Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.
Check all fittings for soundness.

Check primary and secondary connections for leaks

Checking diaphragm expansion vessel and system pressure

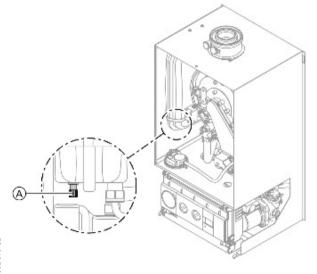
Note

Carry out this test on a cold system.

1. Empty the system until a pressure of "0" is displayed.

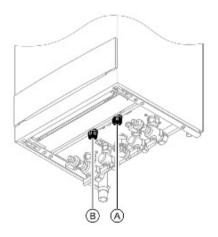
Note

To view the operating pressure, turn rotary selectors "IIIII" and "I'' no counter clockwise to the end stop.



- 2. Check the inlet pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel at the test nipple (A).
- If the inlet pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel is lower than the static system pressure, top up with nitrogen until the inlet pressure is raised by 0.1 to 0.2 bar.
- 4. Top up your heating system with water and vent until the filling pressure of a cool system is 0.2 bar higher than the inlet pressure of the diaphragm expansion vessel. Max. operating pressure: 3 bar Min. operating pressure: 1.0 bar

Topping up heating water via the filling loop (combi boiler only)



- 1. Turn both rotary selectors """ and "" counter clockwise to the end stop.

 The display shows the operating pressure.
- **2.** Open shut-off valve A (secondary side).
- Slowly open the shut-off valve (B) (primary side) and top-up with water.
- **4.** After topping-up first close shut-off valve (B).

Routine Servicing Instructions (cont.)

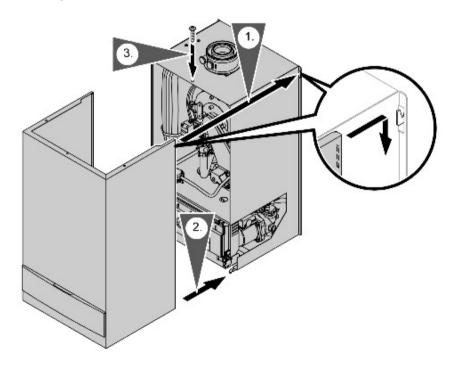
Checking function of all safety valves

Checking tightness of electrical connections

Checking static and supply pressure

See page 52.

Front panel installation



- Hang the front panel to the wall mounting frame by the appropriate hook.
- **2.** Press down the front panel at the bottom.



Service Instructions

Routine Servicing Instructions (cont.)

Insert the screw at the top of the boiler.

Note

The outer case forms a seal with the combustion box: It must therefore be securely fitted with the screw provided.

Start-up the boiler

- **1.** Open gas shut-off valve and switch on mains voltage.
- Check the operation of the appliance in both central heating and DHW modes.

Checking all gas equipment for soundness at operating pressure



Danger

Escaping gas leads to a risk of explosion.
Check gas equipment for soundness.

Final checks

- Check that the flue terminal in is good condition and clear of any obstructions.
- Return all appliance and external controls (if fitted) to their original settings.

Fault finding

Note

It is the law that any service work must be carried out by a competent CORGI registered engineer.

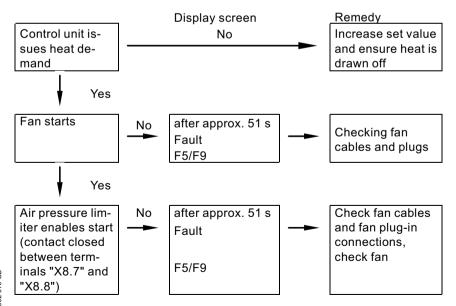
General

Before looking for a fault condition, check that:

- The mains electrical supply is turned on.
- The clock and / or room thermostat (if fitted) are calling for heat (CH 'faults' only).
- The gas service cock is open.
- The DHW (Combi only) and CH isolation cocks are open.
- The system is at design pressure.

Before attempting any electrical fault finding, always conduct the preliminary electrical system safety checks. On completion of any service or fault finding operation involving making or breaking electrical connections always check for earth continuity, polarity and resistance to earth.

Function sequence and possible faults



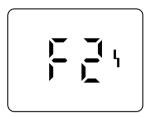
5862 670 GB

Troubleshooting

Fault finding (cont.) Yes Ignition Fault Check the con-No nection ignition F4 module Yes Gas combina-Fault Check the gas No tion valve opens train (control voltage 230 V) and F4 gas supply pressure Yes Fault Ionisation cur-Check the ionisarent builds tion current, check (higher than the electrode ad-2 µA) justment and the No gas pipe for air-Symbol |> F4 locks. Yes Burner in opera-Check flue gas tion system for sound-Stops below set ness (flue gas reboiler temperacirculation), check ture and restarts gas flow pressure

Fault finding (cont.)

Fault messages in the display



Faults are indicated by a flashing fault code with fault symbol "\" and the reset key is illuminated.
For fault code explanations see the following table.

Display fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Remedy
30	Burner blocked	Boiler temperature sensor shorted out	Check the boiler tem-
	blocked	sensor shorted out	perature sensor (see page 74).
38	Burner blocked	Boiler temperature sensor lead break	Check the boiler tem- perature sensor (see page 74).
51	No DHW heating	Draw off tempera- ture sensor short circuit	Check sensors (see page 76).
59	No DHW heat- ing	Draw off tempera- ture sensor short circuit	Check sensors (see page 76).
b1	Control mode	Communication fault – program- ming unit (internal)	Check connections and replace the programming unit, if necessary.
b5	Control mode	Internal fault	Replace control unit.
E4	Burner blocked	Fault – supply vol- tage	Replace control unit.
E5	Burner blocked	Internal fault	Check the ionisation electrode and leads. Press"Reset".
E6	Burner blocked	Water pressure too low	Top up water (see page 64).
F0	Burner blocked	Internal fault	Replace control unit.

Troubleshooting

Fault finding (cont.)

Display fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Remedy
F2	Burner in fault state	Temperature limiter has responded.	Check the heating system water level. Check the circulation pump. Vent the heating system. Check the temperature limiter and leads. Press"Reset".
F3	Burner in fault state	The flame signal is already present at burner start.	Check the ionisation electrode and leads. Press"Reset".
F4	Burner in fault state	No flame signal is present.	Check the ionisation electrode and leads, measure the ionisation current, check the gas pressure, check the gas combination valve, ignition, ignition module and condensate drain. Press"Reset".
F5	Burner blocked	Air pressure switch faulty	Check the air pressure switch and the interconnecting cable.
F7	Burner blocked	Faulty water pressure sensor	Check the water pressure sensor and the interconnecting cable.
F8	Burner in fault state	Fuel valve closes too late	Check gas combination valve. Check both control paths. Press"Reset".
F9	Burner in fault state	Fan speed too low at burner start	Check the fan, check the fan cables and supply, check the fan control. Press"Reset".
FA	Burner in fault state	Fan not at stand- still	Check the fan, check the fan cables, check the fan control. Press"Reset".

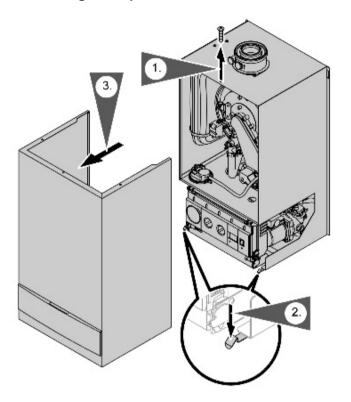


Fault finding (cont.)

Display fault code	System characteristics	Cause	Remedy
Fd	Burner blocked	Burner control unit fault	Check the ignition electrodes and leads. Check whether a strong interference (EMC) field exists near the equipment. Press"Reset". If the fault is not removed, replace the control unit.
FE	Burner blocked	Faulty main PCB	Switch OFF the control unit, if the equipment will not restart.

Repairs

Removing front panel

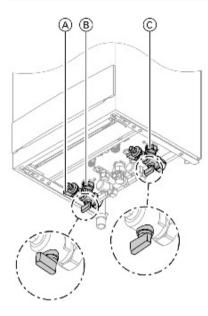


- **1.** Remove the screw at the top of the boiler.
- 2. Press down the springs on the underside of the boiler and remove the front panel.
- **3.** Lift the front panel from the wall mounting frame.

Drain boiler on the primary side

Note

For certain repairs the boiler must be drained on the primary side.



- **1.** Connect the drain hose to valve (A) and connect with a drain outlet.
- **2.** Turn toggle on the shut-off valve (B) to the front.
- **3.** Turn toggle on the shut-off valve © to the front.
- **4.** Turn toggle on the valve (A) to the front and drain the boiler if necessary.

Turn toggle back down again.

Note

Residual water left in the boiler.

5. Turn toggle on the shut-off valve (B) to the front.

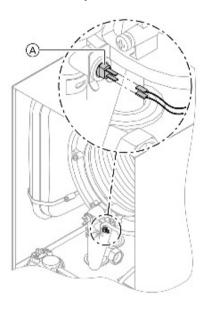
Note

Filling up on the primary side see page 48.

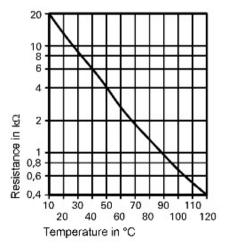
Troubleshooting

Repairs (cont.)

Boiler temperature sensor



Pull the leads from boiler temperature sensor (A) and measure the resistance.



- 2. Check the sensor resistance and compare actual values with the curve.
- 3. In case of severe deviation, drain boiler on the primary side (see page 72) and replace the sensor.

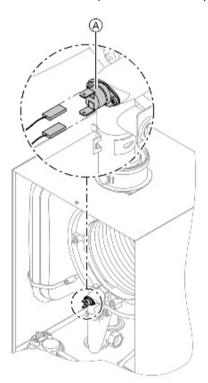


Danger

The boiler temperature sensor is immersed in the heating water(risk of scalding). Drain the boiler before replacing the sensor.

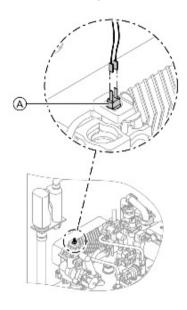
Check the temperature limiter

If the burner control unit cannot be reset after a fault shutdown, although the boiler water temperature is below approx. 75 °C, check the temperature limiter.

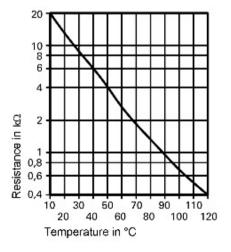


- **1.** Pull the leads from temperature limiter (A).
- **2.** Check the continuity of the temperature limiter with a multimeter.
- 3. Remove faulty temperature limiter.
- 4. Coat the replacement temperature limiter with heat conducting paste and install.
- **5.** To reset press "Reset" key on the control unit.

Check the DHW temperature sensor (only for gas combination devices)



- **1.** Pull the leads from outlet temperature sensor (A)
- 2. Check the sensor resistance and compare actual values with the curve.

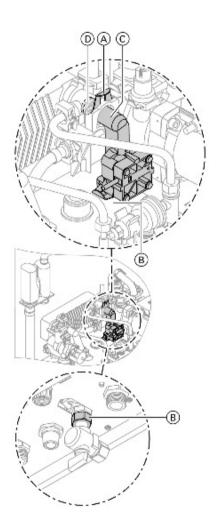


3. Replace the sensor in case of severe deviation.

Note

Water can leak out when replacing the outlet sensor. Close the cold water shut-off valve. Drain DHW pipe and plate heat exchanger (secondary side).

Replacing flow limiter

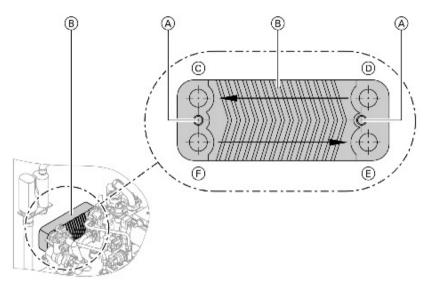


- 1. Switch OFF the mains power.
- **2.** Close the gas shut-off valve and safeguard against reopening.
- **3.** Drain the boiler from the secondary side.
- **4.** Pivot the control unit downwards.
- **5.** Release the ties (A) and screws (B).
- **6.** Remove the flow switch © connector.
- 7. Replace flow limiter ①.
- **8.** Refit the flow switch © connector.

Troubleshooting

Repairs (cont.)

Checking plate heat exchanger



- © DHW
- (D) Cold water
- 1. Switch OFF the mains power.
- 2. Close the gas shut-off valve and safeguard against reopening.
- Shut off and drain the boiler on the primary and the secondary side. Draining on the primary side (see page 72).
- 4. Flip down control unit.

- E Heating water return
- (F) Heating water flow
- **5.** Remove two screws (A) at the plate heat exchanger and (B) remove.

Note

During removal, small amounts of water may trickle out and escape from the removed plate heat exchanger.

- Check the secondary side for contamination and, if necessary, clean or replace the plate heat exchanger.
- Check the primary side for contamination and, if necessary, clean or replace the plate heat exchanger.

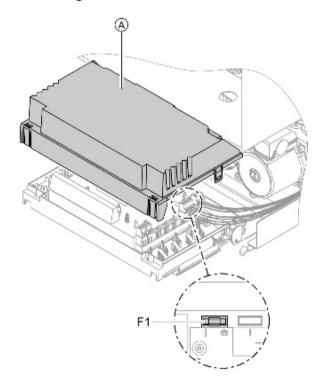


8. Install in reverse order using new gaskets.

Note

Ensure that fixing holes and seals are aligned. Install the heat plate exchanger the correct way round.

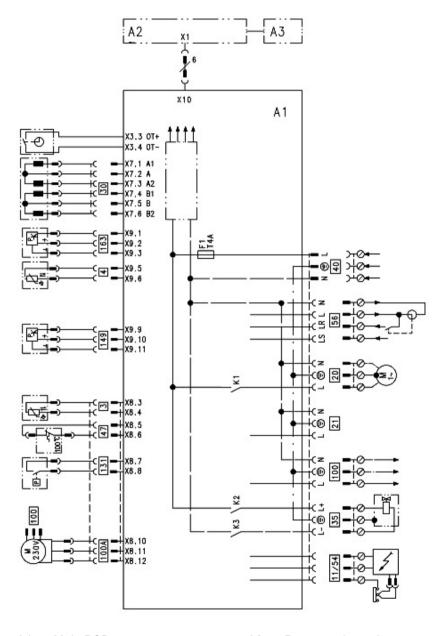
Checking the fuse



- 1. Switch OFF the mains power.
- 2. Flip down control unit.

- 3. Remove cover \triangle .
- 4. Check fuse F1.

Connection and wiring diagrams - combi boiler



A1 Main PCB

A2 Programming unit

Connection and wiring diagrams - combi boiler (cont.)

149

163

Α3	Time switch
3	Boiler temperature sensor
4	DHW outlet sensor
20	Circulation pump 230V~
30	Step motor diverter valve
35	Gas solenoid valve
40	Mains input 230V~/50Hz

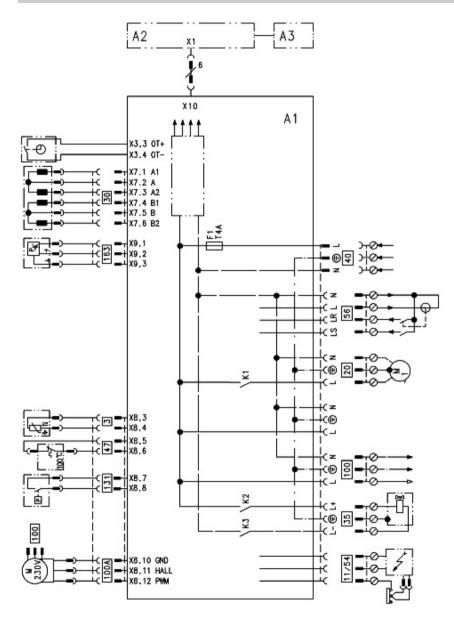
47 56	Temperature limiter
56	Mains connection accessories/
	room temperature control

56	Mains connection accessories
	room temperature control
100A	Fan
131	Air pressure switch

Water pressure sensor

Flow switch

Connection and wiring diagram - system boiler



A1 Main PCB

A2 Programming unit

Connection and wiring diagram - system boiler (cont.)

- A3 Time switch
- 3 Boiler temperature sensor
- 20 Circulation pump 230V~
- 30 Step motor diverter valve
- Gas solenoid valve
- Mains input 230V~/50Hz
- Temperature limiter

- 56 Mains connection accessories/ room temperature control/DHW cylinder control
- 100 A Fan
- 131 Air pressure switch
- 163 Water pressure sensor

Parts lists

Spare parts information

Quote the type and serial no. (see data plate) and the item no. of the required part (as per this parts list).

Obtain standard parts from your local supplier.

- 001 Thermocouple
- 002 Temperature sensor
- 003 Pressure switch
- 004 Control cable
- 005 Diaphragm expansion vessel connecting cable
- 006 Diaphragm expansion vessel
- 007 Boiler connection plug
- 008 Boiler adaptor
- 009 Flue gas gaskets (set)
- 010 Heat exchanger
- 011 Insulating block
- 012 Heat exchanger mounting (set)
- 013 Condensate hose
- 014 Siphon
- 015 Condensate pipe
- 016 Gas supply pipe
- 017 Heating water flow connection elbow
- 018 Heating water return connection elbow
- 019 Heating water flow connection pipe
- 020 Heating water return connection pipe
- 021 Plate heat exchanger*1
- 022 Gasket set plate heat exchanger*1
- 023 Filling Loop*1
- 024 Filling Loop connecting cable*1
- 025 Pipe clip Ø18 mm*1
- 026 Quick air vent valve cartridge
- 027 Safety valve
- 028 Water pressure sensor
- 029 Flow switch*1
- 030 Step motor cartridge

- 032 Bypass with overflow valve
- 033 Grommets
- 034 Gaskets (set)
- 035 Spring clips (set)
- 036 Flow limiter
- 037 Hydraulic
- 040 Lip seal Ø 60 mm
- 041 Ventilation seal Ø 100 mm
- 050 Burner gasket
- 051 Insulation ring
- 052 Burner gauze assembly
- 053 Burner gauze assembly gasket
- 058 Mixture damper
- 059 Radial fan
- 060 Venturi top
- 061 Gas train
- 062 Burner door
- 063 Ignition unit
- 080 Control unit
- 081 Cover wiring chamber
- 200 Front panel
- 201 Spring tie
- 202 Cover flap
- 203 Domestic water fittings (set)*1
- 204 Heating water fittings (set)
- 205 Corner gas tap
- 206 Elbow with locking ring fittings Ø 22 mm (set)*2

Wearing parts

054 Ignition and ionisation electrode

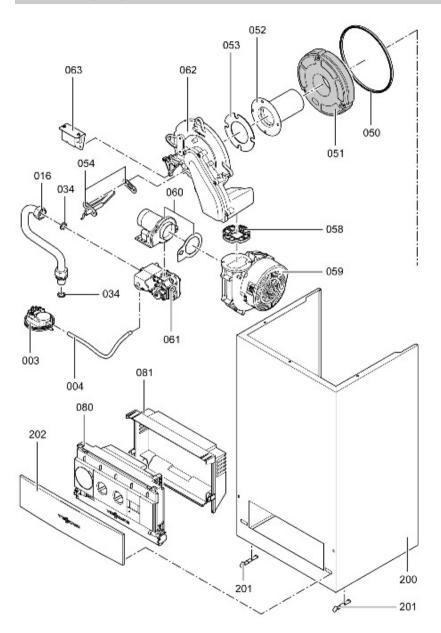
^{*1}Only for serial no. 7179917 and 7179917

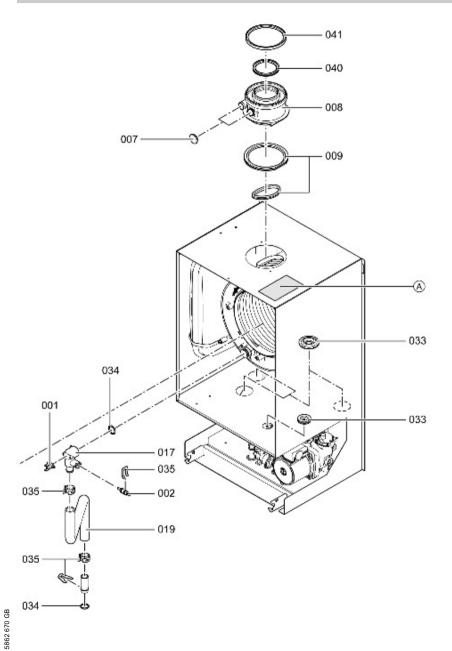
^{*2}Only for serial no. 7179918

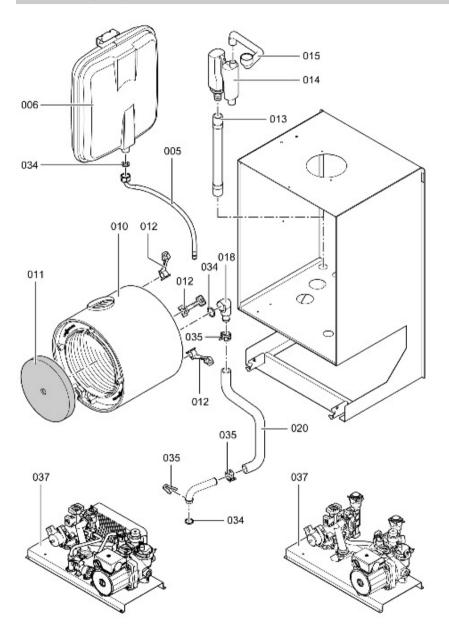
⁰³¹ Circulation pump

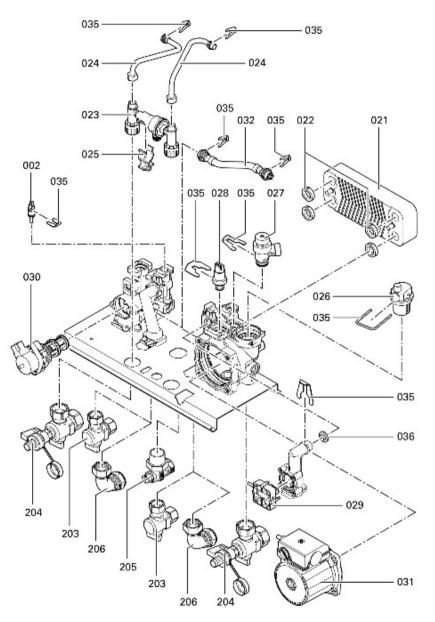
Parts not shown

- 039 Installation and service instructions
- 090 Cable harness X8
- 091 Cable harness X9
- 092 Cable harness 100/35/54
- 093 Step motor connecting cable
- 094 Mains power switch cable harness
- 095 Gas valve connecting cable 35
- 096 Ignition transformer/ionisation connecting cable
- 300 Touch-up spray paint, Vitowhite
- 301 Touch-up paint stick, Vitowhite
- A Data plate









Declaration of conformity

Declaration of conformity for Vitodens 100

We, Viessmann Werke GmbH & Co KG, D-35107 Allendorf, declare as sole responsible body, that the product

Vitodens 100

conforms to the following stan-	This product is designated in accor-
dards:	dance with the following directives:
DIN 4702-6	90/ 396/EEC
EN 297	89/ 336/EEC
EN 483	73/ 23/EEC
EN 625	92/ 42/EEC
EN 677	
EN 50,165	
EN 60,335	as follows:
EN 61 000-3-2	C€-0085
EN 61 000-3-3	

EC Declaration of conformity by an authorised body according to EMVG article 10.2 Certificate number: E9 02 08 1730.

This product complies with the requirements of the Efficiency Directive (92/42/EEC) for:

Condensing boilers

Allendorf, 14.01.05 Viessmann Werke GmbH&Co KG

pp. Manfred Sommer

Keyword index

A	G	
additives	Gas combination valve	52
Appliance description 5	Gas connection	33
Appliance Dimensions 7	Gas Supply	27
	Gas supply pressure	52
В	General Information	5
Boiler Position 16		
Boiler temperature sensor	Н	
Boiler temperature sensor	Horizontal Flue System	9
Burner removal 57		
	I	
C	Ignition electrode	
Certification details 5	Installing fittings	33
Cleaning the heating surfaces 60		
Condensate connection 36	M	
Connect room temperature control 42	Mains connection	
Connect safety temperature control	Mounting boiler	32
42		
Connection diagrams 80	0	70
D	Outlet temperature sensor	/ 6
D Declaration of conformity90	Р	
Declaration of comornity90	Plate heat exchanger	70
E	Flate fleat exchanger	70
Electrical connections	R	
Electricity Supply 28	Removing front panel	32
Liectricity Supply	Removing from parier	52
F	S	
Fault codes 69	Safety chain	75
Fault finding 67	Safety Valve	
Fault messages 69	Setting the output	
Fill the system 49	Siphon cleaning	
Final checks 55	Static pressure	
Flow limiter	System pressure	
Flue outlet 39	•	
Function sequence 67	T	
Fuse 79	Technical Specification	
	Temperature limiter	
	Topping up heating water	64
	U	
	User's instructions	55

Keyword index

Keyword index (cont.)

V		W	
Venting	50	Wall mounting bracket installation	. 29
Vertical Flue System	10		

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Applicability

Gas fired condensing combi boiler Type WB1A 8 to 24 kW

from serial no. 7179 917 5 00001

8 to 30 kW from serial no. 7179 916 5 00001

Gas fired condensing boiler Type WB1A 8 to 24 kW from serial no.

7179 918 5 00001

Viessmann Limited